FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24 31	25	26	27	28	29	30

Port Almanac—May 20.

Sun Rises	4.51 A M
Sun Sets	7.02 P M
Day's Length	14 h 11 m
High Water at Southport	1.07 A M
High Water at Wilmington	2.50 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 20.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 75°; 8 p. m., 75°; maximum, 88°; minimum, 70°; mean, °76.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 2.40.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light rains reported for the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday at Weldon and Greensboro stations. Very little elsewhere in the cotton belt. The maximum temperature at Wilmington was 87 degrees; Greensboro, 91; Charlotte, 94; Newbern, 93; Lumberton, 98; Weldon, 97; Goldsboro and Cheraw, 98.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, partly cloudy weather with local rains; cooler in northern portions; southerly winds becoming variable.

For South Carolina, generally fair; southerly winds.

OUTLINES.

The cause of A. R. Freeman's rejection as postmaster at Burlington, N. C., was on account of his offensive partisanship. —— The mistake of a train dispatcher caused a collision on the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens Railroad; fourteen box cars were destroyed and an engineer and two train hands killed. —— Gen. Weyler's order forbidding the exportation of tobacco from Cuba will seriously affect the cigar industry in this country; it is the general opinion that Weyler has made a bad move in issuing the order, as it will be the cause of throwing thousands of Cubans in this country out of employment who, having nothing to do, will go over to Cuba to fight for the independence of their native land. —— A negro was lynched in St. Bernard parish, La., for attempting to assault a white woman. —— The South Carolina Democratic Convention meets in Columbia to-day; Tillman and Evans will control the convention absolutely; no delegate will be sent to Chicago who is not willing to leave the ball in case anti-free silver action is taken by that body. —— The Supreme Council of the Royal Arcanum meets in Savannah to-day. —— Postmaster General Wilson authorizes the publication of a statement in regard to an alleged attempt to overcharge the Government for the conveyance of mails through the Southern States. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½ and closing offered at 2½ per cent.; cotton dull; middling gulf 8¼c; middling uplands 8¼c; Southern flour quiet and unchanged; common to extra fair $2.30@2.90; good to choice $2.90@3.30; wheat—spot dull and firmer; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 35¼c; afloat 36¼c; spirits turpentine quiet at 26¼@26½c; rosin was steady; strained common to good $1.85@1.00.

The opinion is said to be gaining ground among Pennsylvania Republicans that Senator Quay is playing his cards for the second place on the Republican Presidential ticket.

Robbers the other night got $22,000 worth of diamonds out of a confectionery store in New York. The confectionery business must be a pretty profitable one in that town.

Secretary Chamberlain, of England, repudiates any sympathy with Cecil Rhodes or the Transvaal raiders. Cecil is paying the penalty of failure. If he had succeeded there wouldn't have been any repudiation.

The negroes of Kansas say they are going to knife Ingalls because in a speech in the Senate he favored deporting them to Africa. But they are not in the habit of sending many negroes to the Kansas Legislature.

Europeans are catching on to the true inwardness of American corn. The exports for the first four months of this year were 38,966,823 bushels, against 12,856,509 for the first four months of last year, an increase of 26,610,514 bushels.

The citizen of Florida is not up much on the mysteries of poultry raising, but when it comes to pursuing turtle egg he gets there. The turtle hens have begun to lay and the season is on. The first prospectors the other day struck a nest with 169 eggs.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 50. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,885

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

A Florida planter who couldn't find locks strong enough to keep his meat in his smoke house struck on the happy idea of equipping the front part of that smoke house with a genuine skull and cross bones. They take the place of the horseshoe above the door. Since then he hasn't had any use for locks and has given the dog an unlimited vacation.

It is said that Senator Quay preserves every letter written to him and makes copies of every letter he writes. Senator Quay could save himself a good deal of trouble if he followed the example of a distinguished North Carolina statesman, who served in the Senate with Senator Quay, who never wrote letters.

The New York *Herald* figures out as follows for the respective Republican candidates for the Presidency: McKinley, 546; Reed, 120; Morton, 69; Quay, 58; Allison, 39; Cullom, 9; doubtful, 63. This gives McKinley margin enough to make him quite comfortable.

The New York *World* calls attention to the fact that Governor Morton's sound money views are "conspicuously exceptional." Well then what is to prevent the *World* from boosting Morton instead of scattering around as it has been doing?

The strawberry growers of Florida were in it this season. One near Gainesville cultivated 40 acres, marketed 40,000 quarts which netted him 9 cents a quart, or $3,600, which wasn't bad for the little berry nor for his 40 acres.

President Kruger's wife doesn't suffer the annoyance of servants, but does all her own cooking and housework. When her husband entertains distinguished people, and the old lady wants to put on style, she dons a nice white apron and waits on the table.

It is said that Mr. McKinley's friends express a preference for Gen. Horace Porter, of New York, for the second place on the McKinley ticket. McKinley and Porter are warm personal friends.

President Kruger has planted his three-by-twelve brogans and declares that Cecil Rhodes must go before he will show any more clemency to the convicted Transvaal conspirators.

There were nine suicides in one day last week, attributed to the excessive heat. But committing suicide isn't a good way to find a cool place.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAM'L BEAR, SR—Wax and wool.
MEETING—Maxton B & L Association
MEETING — Democratic Executive Committe of New Hanover county.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. and Mrs. James S. Worth returned last night.

— Mr. Will Taylor of this city, is visiting friends in Charlotte.

— Col. F. W. Foster was reported as improving yesterday.

— Mr. H. N. Latham returned last night from Rocky Mount.

— Miss Emma Blount, of Kenansville, was a guest of The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. J. F. Heins, of Philadelphia, is in the city, registered at The Purcell.

— Mr. L. L. Mallard, of Wallace, was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. R. O. King, of Baltimore, was a visitor here yesterday, stopping at The Purcell.

— Capt. and Mrs. T. C. James returned home last night from Charlotte and Pittsboro, where they have been visiting.

— Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske, of Fayetteville, arrived in the city last night and will be the guest of Dr. DeRosset while in the city.

— Mr. O. A. Stevens, representing Sharp, Cox & Co., of Philadelphia, returned yesterday from Mt. Olive, where he has been looking after strawberry shipments.

— Messrs. C. M. Beasley, Durham; E. A. Muse, Laurinburg; T. Q Hall, Wallace; R. G. Grady, Burgaw; W. W. Briscoe, N. C.; A. E. S. Lindsay, Raleigh; E. T. Cansler, D. M. Hodges, Charlotte, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Have you visited C. W. Polvogt & Co. during their Bargain Week sale? Read their advertisement. †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Generally fair; southwest winds.

— The Clyde steamer *Pawnee*, Capt. Robinson, arrived from New York last evening.

— The Episcopal Council of the Diocese of East Carolina will meet in St. James' church to-morrow morning.

— The "Sampson Blues" are now selling for 18 to 20 cents per quart in the New York market. The crop is said to be short this year.

— The meeting of the Board of Audit and Finance yesterday afternoon failed of a quorum. Messrs. Calder and Yates were the only members present.

— Chairman Borden calls a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee for Saturday, May 23d. The meeting will be held in the Mayor's office at 11 o'clock a. m.

— The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Maxton Building and Loan Association will be held in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, in Maxton, Tuesday, June 2nd, at 2 o'clock p. m.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets for Greensboro, N. C., on account of Commencement Greensboro Female College, May 26 27 Rate from Wilmington, $6.05; Maxton, $4.85; Fayetteville, $3.75.

— The Naval Reserves at their drill last night decided to have boat drills hereafter as part of the routine seaman's work, preparatory to the annual cruise sometime in July.

— Rehearsals are being held nightly for the production of the "Pirates of Penzance." Miss Donnelly, of Washington, D. C., and Mr. Rob French will appear in the leading roles.

— Referring to the recent May Week Festival, the Savannah *Press* says the Association did not quite pay expenses, but the occasion put $300,000 in circulation in the city. This is a pointer for our Fair people.

— If the Democrats do not control the next Legislature, watch Dockery. Wouldn't it be poetic justice if he should succeed Pritchard in the United States Senate? But the next Senator will be a Democrat.

Base Ball.

The prospects are that Wilmington will be represented on the diamond this season by the best team of local talent she has ever had since the old league days of 1885. The street car company have made some great improvements on the grounds this season and have built a high fence around the ball park. All the "fans" are anxious for the day to come when the umpire will call to play ball. All that is needed for Wilmington to have a first class team is for the citizens to assist the boys when they call on them with their subscription list to get funds to hire a good battery to help out Pearsall and Watson. Wilmington will have the best team in the State, and a team that all will feel proud of.

The boys start practicing to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock and there will be a meeting to-morrow night at the City Hall to elect a business manager for the season. All players and citizens are invited to attend.

Two Funerals Yesterday.

The funeral services over the remains of Fred E., the little son of Lieut. and Mrs. Fred E. Owen, took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock from the residence of Mr. L. L. Pritchard, No. 414 Orange street. A number of sorrowing friends attended the services, which were conducted by Rev. Will B. Oliver, of the First Baptist Church. The pallbearers were Messrs. Harry Watters and Barley Stone. The interment was in Oakdale cemetery.

The funeral services over the remains of little Eaglehard Adrian, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Schulken, took place yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock from the residence, corner Fourth and Mulberry streets. A large number of friends went to Oakdale, where the body was interred. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Adolph Ahrens, Fred Dock, Chas. Schulken and Arthur Haar.

W. L. I. Anniversary.

The Wilmington Light Infantry will celebrate to-day the 43rd anniversary of the company. Leaving Wilmington at 2.30 o'clock in a private coach attached to the regular train on the Seacoast railroad the company will go to Ocean View, where, after their annual target practice, they will be served with a pig fish supper. A merry time can be anticipated by friends who go with them.

City Court.

William Gilliam, Harmon Blocker and Jeddie Gardner, negro sneak thieves, charged with stealing umbrellas and shoes from private residences in the city, were sent to jail yesterday from the City Court, in default of bond in the sum of fifty dollars each, for their appearance at the June term of the Criminal Court.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

Those needing the Automatic Burglar Proof Window Locks, which are cheap, strong and secure, or the latest "Diamond" Knife and Scissor sharpener, which are the best, will do well to write or call on Mr. J. D. Sidbury, 511 Queen street. A large number has already been sold. †

For a good time go to Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's Big Free Shows. Two performances daily. Admission free. Seats 10c. †

Read C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s advertisement, They offer 500 Bargains this week. †

TRUCKING INDUSTRY.

Strawberry Season Closed—Shipments the Largest in Years—Beans and Huckleberries Going Forward.

An agent for a commission house North handling Southern fruits and vegetables, says yesterday closed the heaviest business North Carolina has ever known in the shipment of strawberries to Western and Northern markets. The quality this season surpassed past years, and prices while not very high, have netted nice amounts to shippers. Shipments have been cut short by exceedingly dry and hot weather, so much so that the California Fruit Transportation Company will run their last car today.

Beans are next in season, and while only a half yield is expected, prices are ranging very high. Clinton shipped over 600 crates on May 18th.

Shipments of whortleberries are now commencing from different stations on the Wilmington & Weldon railroad, and an exceedingly large yield is expected. Prices range at present from 12 to 18cts per quart in Philadelphia, Boston and New York. Clinton and Kenansville are the heaviest shipping stations of this fruit.

Daughters of the Confederacy.

The regular monthly meeting of the Daughters of the Confederacy was held yesterday afternoon at the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry. A letter was read by the president announcing that a Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy had been organized at Salisbury. The president also reported that a head-stone had been placed at the grave of the Hon. Geo. Davis by the Ladies' Memorial Association and the Daughters of the Confederacy.

Mrs. Gaston Meares, chairman of the committee appointed at the last meeting to offer a prize for the best essay on a Confederate subject, stated that it would not be advisable to offer a prize until next Fall, as the schools of the city, the scholars of which would compete for the prize, will close in a few weeks.

The committee on membership reported seven new members.

As yesterday's meeting ended the first series of eight meetings, it was decided to have a history of the Chapter written which will be ready at an early date.

The next meeting will be held October 19th.

UNIVERSITY COMMENCEMENT.

Programme of Exercises—Address by Vice President Stevenson.

The exercises of Commencement will begin with the Baccalaureate Sermon on Sunday, May 21, in Gerrard Hall, by Bishop Edward Rondthaler, of the Moravian Church.

The annual meetings of the Dialectic and Philanthropic Literary Societies will be held Tuesday night, June 2, at 8 o'clock, in their halls.

On Wednesday, June 3, the Board of Trustees will meet in Person Hall at noon; the Senior Class Day Exercises will be held at 5 o'clock p. m. in Memorial Hall; the annual contest in oratory between the representatives of the Dialectic and Philanthropic Literary Societies at 8 o'clock p. m., in Memorial Hall, and the Faculty Reception at 10 o'clock p. m., in the Gymnasium.

Thursday, June 4, is Commencement Day. The Alumni Association will meet in Gerrard Hall at 10 o'clock. The Commencement Exercises will be held in Memorial Hall at 11 o'clock. The Graduates will deliver their orations, present their theses and receive their diplomas.

Vice-President Stevenson will present the diplomas and make an address. A public reception will be given the Vice-President, so that everybody may greet him and shake his hand.

In the afternoon a game of base ball will be played in the Athletic Field.

The Glee Club will give its annual concert at 8 p. m., in Gerrard Hall.

Reduced rates will be given on the railroads, and special trains will be run on Thursday, June 4 (Commencement Day.) Everybody is invited.

GEORGE T. WINSTON, President.

Dr. Louis H. Matthez.

Dr. and Mrs. Louis H. Matthez arrived in the city yesterday. Dr. Matthez is an optician and he comes here to offer his services to the public. He was here last week conferring with our physicians and others to whom he submitted his endorsements and recommendations with most favorable results. The Charlotte *Observer* of yesterday has this to say of Dr. Matthez:

Dr. and Mrs. Louis H. Matthez, who have been at the Central Hotel in this city for three months, leave this morning for Wilmington for a temporary stay. Dr. Matthez will open rooms in that city, as he did here, and adjust glasses to the eye. His work in Charlotte was eminently satisfactory to all of his patients. He made no charge for examinations, and in all cases in which he fitted glasses the subject was satisfied with the result. The *Observer* repeats, what it has heretofore said, that Dr. Matthez undoubtedly knows his business. The Wilmington people will endorse this statement at the conclusion of his stay there.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our 'Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 90 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

Don't fail to visit C. W. Polvogt & Co. to-day, to-morrow and every day this week. It is their Bargain Week. †

For a good time go to Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's Big Free Shows. Two performances daily. Admission free. Seats 10c. †

Read the ad. of C. W. Polvogt & Co. Go there to-day without fail. †

BADLY DISORGANIZED.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Judge Russell's Nomination for Governor Causes Great Dissatisfaction—Senator Pritchard's Fatal Mistake—Leading Colored Men Declare for Dockery for United States Senator—Supreme Court—Shaw University Closed—The Alliance Shoe Factory.

[*Special Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 19.

The Republican party in North Carolina is in a bad way. Judge Russell's nomination is not acceptable to one half the party. In several counties it is said indignation meetings will be held. In the counties where delegates were instructed for Dockery and voted for Russell, is this likely to be the case.

The *Caucasian* will say to-morrow that Col. Dockery was defrauded out of the nomination. It will call the silver resolution a straddle.

The Supreme Court will adjourn Friday. The Summer vacation continues until the last Monday in September.

Rev. Dr. Tuttle delivers the literary address at Guilford College to-morrow.

Shaw University has closed and all the students have returned home. Prof. Meserve will be engaged in holding institutes over the State this Summer.

The first sample of leather turned out by the Alliance shoe factory was brought here to-day. It was well tanned. All the vats at the tannery were put in last week.

This morning Gov. Carr, Treasurer Worth and Auditor Furman burned $18,000 worth of old six per cent. bonds under the funding Act of 1879. New 4 per cents will be issued.

A fire in East Raleigh, beyond the city limits, destroyed two frame houses this morning.

Two blocks in the city are being paved with shell-rock from Castle Hayne. It is highly satisfactory and some of the city authorities like it as well as asphalt.

At a meeting of some of the leading colored men of the city it was decided that they would support no man for the Legislature who would not pledge himself to vote for Oliver H. Dockery for the United States Senate.

Senator Pritchard made a fatal mistake by working against Col. Dockery. Now he finds a divided party with one-half of it against his re-election to the Senate, where up to the convention he was the party's unanimous choice.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Supreme Court opinions were handed down to-day as follows:

State vs. Woodward, from Onslow motion to reinstate appeal denied.

Thurber vs. Building and Loan Association, from Craven; appeal dismissed, upon ground that judgment was not printed. But in this case the dismissal works no hardship, as the merits of the appeal are held to be against appellant.

Chambers Smith says he believes the Populists will vote against Russell in order to promote the national welfare of the State.

CHEATED OUT OF THEIR VOTE.

Cleveland County Republicans Mad With J. B. Fortune.

[*News and Observer.*]

SHELBY, N. C., May 18.—(Special)—The Republicans in this, Cleveland county, are very mad over the manner in which they were cheated out of their vote in the State Convention. J. B. Fortune cast the county's two votes for Russell, and the chairman of the county executive committee says that there are only two Russell men in the whole county, and they are Fortune and another, and says that Fortune had no business to represent the county in that way. All the Republicans in the county were for Dockery, and in several townships petitions were signed by every Republican in them favoring Dockery, and the Dockery spirit of the Republicans can clearly be discerned by their open indignation over Russell's nomination, all of them alleging that Dockery was cheated out of the nomination.

A young white Republican here said Saturday that he would swear he would not vote for Russell, and he has been very active in Republican politics in the county for five years. On the sixth ballot, if Cleveland's vote had been counted for Dockery, as it should have been, that would have given him 116 and Russell 114, making Dockery a plurality, and would have caused a stampede for him, so the Republicans say here. The negroes, also, are very much dissatisfied over the result, and seem to treasure up against the nominee his vile epithets about their race.

The chairman of the Republican executive committee says that the choice is both a bad and an unfortunate one, placing upon the party a load it will be hard to carry.

Two Populists, who are very prominent in the party, were heard yesterday to say that so long as they lived they would never vote for old Dan Russell. All the Republicans are sore over the nomination and say it has caused more dissatisfaction and discord than any since the war.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—2 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 70 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—21 casks spirits turpentine, 112 bbls rosin, 23 bb's tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—3 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 30 bbls rosin, 29 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 5 bales; spirits turpentine, 43 casks; rosin, 212 bbls; tar, 77 bbls; crude turpentine, 6 bbls.

A Card.

On and after Wednesday, May 20th, we will have two batches of bread per day. Hot rolls and bread for breakfast will be delivered to any part of the city. Hot rolls and bread for supper will be served at the store—no delivery—send for call for them, they will be hot enough to melt your butter. The weather is getting hot and bread is cheap. Let us do your baking as we are doing for hundreds of families in the city. We will sell you eight tickets for 25c. Each ticket will entitle you to bread, rolls, buns, rusk, doughnuts, pies and tea cakes. Palace Bakery, 131 Market St.

P. S.—Ice cream parlor will be open until 12 o'clock every night. †

Special Bargain Week at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. Be sure to visit them. Read their ad. †

GOMEZ CAN BREAK THE TROCHA.

Observations of a Newspaper Man Who Has Traveled Its Length.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May 18.—John A. Finnegan, the special correspondent of the *Standard*, of this city, writes from Majagua, Cuba, the southern terminus of the trocha, of a trip made across the island along Gen. Weyler's strong line. He says:

"The trocha could be held by a competent General, but in the end it would be broken by Gomez. Maceo has gone up and down through the west and destroyed the trocha crop. The Bermuda has supplied him with plenty of arms and ammunition. The country and smaller towns are becoming fast deserted. I traveled whole days without meeting scarcely a person. It seems like the calm before the tempest."

Mr. Finnegan had some exciting experiences in his trip through the country, and is watched by Gen. Weyler's spies. In Havana, he says, Weyler, as he is known among the people, lives in fear of personal harm. He fears assassination, and has had a war vessel always in the bay because a bomb exploded in the palace once. He has not been seen on the streets unless in disguise.

This correspondent's letters are forwarded to Havana through Cuban sympathizers.

For a good time go to Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's Big Free Shows. Two performances daily. Admission free. Seats 10c. †

Go to-day to C. W. Polvogt & Co. and see their 500 Bargains they are offering this week. Read their ad. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Maxton B. & L. Association.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Maxton Building and Loan Association will be held in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, in Maxton, Tuesday, June 2nd, at 2 o'clock p. m.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary and Treasurer.

my 20 3t

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of the county of New Hanover is hereby called for Saturday, May 23rd, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Mayor's office, City Hall, Wilmington, N. C. CHAS. E. BORDEN, Chairman.

W. N. HARRISS, Sec'y.

The following constitute the Committee:

Reuben Grant,	Walker Taylor,
Dave Matthews,	J. T. Reynolds,
Dan'l Quinlivan,	R. W. Bordeaux,
W. N. Harriss,	E. W. Manning,
Geo. H. Howell,	D. J. Fergus,
H. C. McQueen,	W. D. Rhodes,
G. H. Smith,	Chas. E. Borden.

my 20 4t

Morality and Refinement

with health and happiness at

DR. BLUE MOUNTAIN JOE'S

Pavilion Palace of Amusement.
FRONT, NEAR CHURCH ST.

Indian Hut Remedies for all ailments. Consultations free. Office open daily from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

The Biggest Free Show on Earth.

Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, admission free: Seats, 10c. Wednesdays and Saturdays, Matinee at 2 30, Admission free. Seats, 10c. Wednesday and Saturday Nights, admission 10c.

ma 18 tf

Wax and Wool!

SHIP YOUR

WAX AND WOOL

—TO—

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

Wilmington, N. C.,

and obtain the highest cash price. Quotations furnished on application.

my 20 tf

Why Is It

—o—

THAT WE CAN AFFORD TO

SELL GOODS SO CHEAP.

Our expenses are not so high, and we are always on the look out for Bargains. We buy in large quantities for Spot Cash. Bargains in every Department.

DryGoods

Good Unbleaching 3c per yard.
Best Unbleaching for 5c in the city.
Light Calicoes 4c per yard.
Percales at 5, 8 and 10c per yard.
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting 15c.
Splendid Bleached Sheetings 19c.
50-inch Red Table Cloth 20c.
33-inch Lawns in Persian Styles 10c.
Figured Ducks 10c.
Prettiest Line Dimities 8, 10 and 15c.
Solid Color Crepons 11c, in Black, White, Cream, Blue and Canary.
Wash Linens only 7c per yard.
New Styles Persian Silks 50c per yard.
40c Wash Silks 29c.
Plain and Figured Silks 24c.

Black Dress Goods.

Figured Mohairs at 18 and 29c.
50c Figured Mohairs, 40 inch, 39c.
75c " " 44 " 63c.
85c Plain " 31 " 39c.
65c " " 40 " 50c.
$1 " " 46 " 75c.
36 inch Serge in Black and Navy 18c.
35c all Wool Serges 29c.
50c " " 45 inch, 39c.
75c " " 60c.
Danish Cloth, all Colors, 10c.
Flannels for Bath Suits, 36 inches wide, 25c; 50 inch wide, 50 to 69c.
Special Prices in Lace Curtains, 45c and upwards.
White and Figured Scrims for Curtains, 5, 8, 10 and 12½c.
Full Line Silkalines 8, 12½ and 15c.
25c Gilt Stamped Drapery 15c.
All kinds of Dress Linings—35c Fibre Lining 17c per 14; Red Selvedge, Sponge Crepon, 29c.
Write for samples.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

617 & 619 North Fourth St.,

PHONE 111.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 00 and up. Beautiful Crayon Portraits Free. Ask for Punch Card.

my 14 tf

ANOTHER BARGAIN WEEK!

THE PAST IS VALUABLE TO US

Only for comparison, and the lessons its experiences may have taught us. The great present and greater future engross all our attention and energies. The present of this Store is the result of your confidence in our desire and ability to serve you honestly. By retaining your confidence and gaining that of others we shall continue to develop into a larger sphere of usefulness. This week we will offer more Bargains than ever before.

Special Bargain Price On Over 500 Articles.

Monday.

SPECIAL DRESS GOODS SALE.

THIS DAY ONLY.

45 inch black figured Sicilian, regular 75c, bargain at 59c.
50 inch black figured Sicilian, regular $1.00, bargain at 75c.
40 inch black figured Mohair, regular 85c, bargain at 69c.
40 inch plain black Sicilian, regular 75c, bargain at 55c.
40 inch plain black Sicilian, regular 85c, bargain at 73c.
38 inch plain black Mohair, regular 45c, bargain at 35c.
52 inch black Gloria Cloth, regular $1.00 bargain at 73c.
40 inch Navy Blue Mohair, regular 85c, bargain at 65c.
42 inch Navy Blue Crapon for 75c.
20 per cent. on all Wool Pattern Suits.

Tuesday.

THIS DAY ONLY.

30 inch Evening Shades Silks, regular 65c, bargain at 49c.
One lot Wash Silks to close out at 19c.
Our regular 39c Wash Silks, bargain 25c.
Regular $1.50 Dresden Silks bargain at $1.19.
One lot 12½c Jaconet Lawns, bargain 6c
10c beautiful Dress Gingham 7c.
Best Percalcs, this day only, 10c.
Our 10c Percales, this day only, 8c.
Our Duck will be sold at 10c.
See the Dimities we will offer this day at 8c per yard.
15c Satines only 12c.
12½c Satines only 10c.

Wednesd'y.

THIS DAY ONLY.

1,000 Ladies' Vest at 5c.
12½c " " 9c.
17c " " 12c.
20c Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 15c.
15c " " 10c.
8c " " 5c.
75c Ladies' Shirt Waist 50c.
18c large Linen Towels 12c.
15c Remt's White Lawn 7c.
20 per cent. off on Dotted Swiss.
20c White Dimity for 14c.

Thursday.

THIS DAY ONLY.

They throng the Notion Counter. They're little things, but the little things count in this store.

10c Finishing Braid 5c.
10c Spool Silks 5c.
15c Book Nursing Pin 10c.
25c Windsor Ties 19c.
75c Gilt Belts 50c.
60c Silver Belts 35c.
10c Hook and Eyes 5c.
15c Shields 9c.
25c Veiling 19c.
35c Veiling 25c.
$1.00 Kid Gloves 80c.
$1.50 Kid Gloves $1.19.
25c Ladies' Hose 21c.
15c Boys' Hose 12c.
25c Tuberose Soap 19c.
15c Sweet Soap 9c.
20 per cent. discount on Dresden Ribbons.
Darning Cotton 2 for 5c.
18 and 35 to 30 Odd Lot of $1.00 and $1.50 Corsets will be sold this day at 60c each.

FRIDAY.

THIS DAY ONLY.

One lot of Infants' Caps at 10, 25 and 50c.
Our $1.75 Long Cloth, this day $1.50.
15 yds. of 10c Sheeting for $1.00.
Our 30c 10 4 Sheeting for 24c.
Our 25c 10-4 Sheeting for 20c.
One lot 15c Pillow Casing for 9c.
A 49c Table Linen for 35c.
A 59c Bleached Linen for 49c.
A 25c Turkey Red Linen for 20c.
A 50c Turkey Red Linen for 40c.
Our $1.19 White Spreads for 98c.
Our $1 00 White Spreads for 85c.
20 per cent. discount on Shirt Waists.

Saturday.

THIS DAY ONLY.

Our $1.50 Umbrella for			$1.25
" 2.75	"	"	2.25
" 1.35	"	"	1.00
" 1.00	Unlaundried Shirt		80
" 75	"	"	63
" 85	Balbriggan Shirts only		25
" 75	Gent's Night Robes		63
" 59	"	"	47
" 75	"	Gause Shirts	50

These Bargains are Cash. For one week only.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt.

my 17 tf No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Two Trains Wrecked.

Early in the morning at the break of day two heavy freight trains ran together. Both fireman and engineer jumped for their lives. They were not hurt, but the train loaded with valuable freight was derailed and three cars smashed up in the collision. No lives lost, but goods damaged. There was a portion of these goods sent to this city and sold by the agent at this place. After other merchants had seen these goods all piled up in a pile, and looked as if it would take labor to straighten them up and put them in shape, they did not have the grit to tackle this job. Braddy & Gaylord were notified and they were soon on the ground with the cash in hand, and the grit and push to back it up. We made them a pass to take the lot for cash as it stood. The goods sold, Braddy & Gaylord the purchasers, and we have them now, and will sell them to you at a low price. Shoes were the principal thing we got.

All the Best Goods, Direct From Factory.

48 pairs boys' Tan Dongola spring heel, lace Shoes, from 11½ to 2's, shoes worth $1.50, our price 1.00.

300 pairs men's first quality, high cut Creedmore Ties, from 75, 85, 95c, $1.00 to 1.10. The cheapest Shoe in this lot is worth $1.15 a pair, the best 1.50 a pair.

500 packages Whitmore Bros'. Russet Leather Polish. The 25c packages like all shoe stores have. We sell the same thing for 15c; the 15c size for 8c. The Pat. Leather Shoe Polish 10c; our price 5c. The Royal Shoe Polish at 5c a bottle.

800 pairs Ladies' Pat. Slippers, nice, fresh goods, with pat. tips, five hole lace at 45c a pair.

60 pairs women's solid Dongala Shoes, with solid uppers, soles and counters at 85c a pair, button or lace.

48 pairs women's Pat. Leather Button Boots, made of Dongola, at 75c a pair.

A jobbin old folks' Home Shoes, made of Brussel carpet uppers with leather bottoms at 40c.

All leather, a job, Ladies Shoes, only 35c.

Men's low cut Street Shoes for $1.00 and 1.25 a pair.

Children's Slippers going at cost.

Also a big job in Men's Clothing. A splendid Dark Blue Flannel Suit for $3.50, worth 6.00. A very pretty Suit for $5.00. The extra nice quality for gentlemen, worth $12.50, for 10.00.

Men's odd Pants all prices, from 48c to $3 50 a pair.

MILLINERY—A big line of ladies' new Sailors. The bell crown, pearl white straw, bound, at $1.00, 1.25 and 1.50. The new Senate braid bound, 50c. All styles and shapes in Leghorns and Trimmed Hats. Ribbons and Flowers of all grades. Come to us for Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Underwear, Notions and everything you may need.

You will find us at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

ma 10 tf WILMINTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

TOBACCO.

40 Caddies BIG 4 TOBACCO.
25 Boxes BIG 4 TOBACCO.
20 Boxes RED COON TOBACCO.
20 Boxes MAGINITY TOBACCO.
25 Caddies MAHO'GY TOBACCO.
10 Box. TIP ABBOTT TOBACCO.
20 Boxes 15c job TOBACCO.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water street,

my 17 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, MAY 9th, t ains will run the following schedule:
Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. and 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View 7.30 a. m., 11 00 a. m. 5 p. m.
Freight will be received daily, except Sunday, from 8 a. m. until 2 p. m.
An extra train will leave to-night at 7.30 p. m. and return at 11 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

my 15 tf

Hats, Hats, Hats.

PALM, MANILLA, MACKINAW, ENGLISH Split, Tycoons, Knox and Youman's Celebrated Hats, Sold at

HAMME, THE HATTER'S.

Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.

my 17 tf 26 North Front Street.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS KNOWING THEMSELVES indebted to the late firm of B. F. Lee & Co., will please call at my office at their earliest convenience and settle their accounts and save cost of collecting same, as it is very necessary that these accounts be paid at once. JOHN R. TURRENTINE, Assignee.

Wilmington, N. C., May 16, 1896. my 17 1m

SOUTHPORT AND WILMINGTON.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	Leave Wilmington.		Leave Southport.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	.....	6 00	2 30
TUESDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
WEDNESDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
THURSDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
FRIDAY	9 20	5 00	.....	2 30
SATURDAY	.....	2 30	8 00	.....

ap 19 tf J. W. HARPER.

Pure Cold Artic Soda.

CALL AT HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY where you can get the best drink of Soda Water in the city, drawn from the handsomest Soda apparatus in N. C. Our Sherbets and Milk Shakes are grand, and we are crowded daily with ladies and gentlemen who pronounce them elegant and far superior to any in the city. We take a special p

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $5 00 per year, ($2 50 for six months, $1 25 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12½ cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1896

THE GOLD STANDARD FRAUD.

The public debts of the leading European nations, that is Russia, Germany, France, England, Italy, Austria-Hungary, Spain and Denmark, aggregate $24,000,000,000, an increase of $4,000,000,000 in the past ten years. These debts with the interest are all payable in gold. They were not always payable in gold only, for until the demonetization of silver they were payable in coin, as our national debt was until the gold manipulators got a ruling in their favor and made it payable in gold. Twenty-four thousand millions of dollars in gold is about eight times as much as there is coined in the world. These debts are payable sometime; the interest must be paid annually unless the nations default. If the interest be paid annually at 3 per cent., it would take $720,000,000, or nearly one-fourth of all the coined gold in the world to pay it.

Is it a wonder that gold is in demand and that the gold nations of the earth are constantly hoarding it?

Is it a wonder that there is little or no gold in circulation when the nations are thus hoarding it?

Is it a wonder that the gold manipulators to whom this interest is paid and to whom the principal must some day be paid, if it is ever paid, insist upon sticking to the gold standard which thus enriches them and puts the money of the world practically in their control?

These debts are due to probably less than a hundred people, and these people have such a thorough understanding with each other, and such facilities for combination, that they always move in concert and when their mutual interests are involved work together and carry their point. They have their representatives in government circles and in legislative bodies just as Government creditors in this country have. They know how to make the power of their money felt and do it.

Is there any sane man in the world who believes that these $24,000,000,000 will ever be paid? or that the Governments which owe them can raise the gold to pay them? Where are they going to get it? It must come either from taxation or by borrowing and that means taxation later, and an increase of the indebtedness. Some people think "a national debt a national blessing." It is one of these "blessings" that keeps on growing without cultivating. They are very hard things to get rid of even when there is a desire and an effort to get rid of them. As an illustration this country, which now has the reputation of being the wealthiest country in the world, has been more than a generation in paying half of its national debt, and the remainder instead of decreasing is increasing because of the folly of adhering to the gold standard. By adopting the gold standard this debt was more than doubled, and the babe is not born that will live to see it paid off if the gold standard be adhered to.

These $24,000,000,000 represent only the national debts of less than a dozen nations. It makes no account of the municipal, corporate or individual indebtedness, all of which must also be paid in gold, nearly all of which is locked up in Government and other vaults, where it is held to meet emergencies or for speculative purposes, absolutely controlled by a comparative handful of men, who dictate, substantially, the gold standard to the world. They are the world's money lenders, for under their selfish, grasping, cold-blooded dictation gold is the only thing they recognize as money, and they to some extent force their gold standard on the silver-using nations. If Japan, for instance, or Mexico wants to borrow money from them they lend gold and insist on payment of principal and interest in gold, and when interest or principal becomes due these silver using nations must take their silver and buy the gold to meet the obligation. These money lenders control the gold supplies of the world; the Rothschild family and connections can control about two-thirds of it, and the gold must be bought from them to pay the debts due to them, and having a monopoly of the gold they can make their own terms and put their own price on it, and they do it.

We had an illustration of that in our own bond sales to raise gold to meet the Government obligations, which in law are not payable in gold but which from a stupid or criminal construction of the law are paid in gold. The speculators who took the last issue of bonds made a clean $10,000,000 by the operation. And thus it goes The debt instead of diminishing is increasing, and yet we have men howling over the country for the maintenance of the life sapping, plundering gold standard.

And so are the debts of European nations increasing. They have increased twenty per cent. in ten years, and still the nations promise to pay in gold, which is a sheer impossibility, and they know it when they make the promises. They know they can't get the gold, for it isn't in the world to be gotten and there is no probability that it ever will be. It is an unmitigated fraud for those nations to be promising to do what they know they cannot do. To keep up the gold standard is simply the voluntary perpetuation of this unmitigated fraud.

MINOR MENTION.

The Hon. Mark Hanna seems to have been exercising his magic influence on the Supreme Council of the A. P. A, if we may judge from the proceedings of the indignation meeting composed of delegates from twenty States held just after the adjournment of the Council in Washington Monday evening. The Advisory Board of the order some time ago declared a boycott on McKinley on the strength of certain charges made against him, which boycott was raised by the Supreme Council, in the face of the fact that the report of the Advisory Board was unanimously sustained. That is, the charges were admitted to be true, but, according to the statements of this indignation meeting, Mark Hanna's persuasive lobby got in its work and lifted the boycott. These indignant delegates are red hot, and declare that the boycott shall stick as to them and proceed to give the reasons why and wherefore. In one of these reasons they directly charge the distinguished Mr. McKinley with falsehood in denying that he told a committee of the National Advisory Board that he heartily approved of the principles of the order, and then in a published interview the next day denied it. As to the merits of this controversy the public at large is not much interested, but it is putting Mr. McKinley in rather an embarrassing position when he is thus publicly charged with falsehood, and with eating his own words through fear of political consequences. The probabilities are that while McKinley's friends were active in placating the Supreme Council, his enemies have been quite as active in stirring up the A. P. A. hornet's nest, and in encouraging this after demonstration by this indignation meeting for the effect it may have on the National Convention.

* * *

There is a growing feeling of uneasiness in Washington caused by the steady drain upon the Treasury for gold, and it is intimated that if the drain goes on Mr. Cleveland may find it necessary to send a special message to Congress urging the necessity of taking some action to protect the reserve, and maintain the credit of the Government. Discussing these rumors the Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* says:

> There is much uncertainty at the Treasury Department as to how long the present drain of gold will continue. It would be a reasonable expectation that the current would turn towards the United States instead of away from them, by the middle of July, but such calculations are modified by the political situation. The distrust which is spreading in New York and among the holders of American securities abroad in view of the possible nomination of one or more Presidential candidatesof doubtful financial views, is projecting an element into the problem which is causing more or less uneasiness. It has been hoped up to a recent date that the present administration had made the last issue of bonds which would be required to maintain the public credit and the parity of the legal tender currency, but the prospect of political agitation hostile to the gold standard may change the outlook.

"There is no doubt that President Cleveland will make another issue of bonds if necessary to maintain the reserve, but he will not do so if the gold drain is arrested, even if the reserve falls considerably below $100,000,000.

"The fact is appreciated that the present Congress is not friendly to the retirement of the legal tender notes or the change of the conditions under which bonds may be issued in favor of a gold bond bearing a reduced rate of interest. The President has achieved so many successes, however, in the face of an apparent majority in Congress, when he has had the support of public opinion, that he might feel justified in again asking Congress to provide for the protection of the reserve, or in summoning an extra session for that purpose."

The present drain upon the Treasury may be a part of the programme to influence the action of the approaching national conventions as to their declaration for the gold standard and the nomination of "sound money" candidates. It is contended by the gold men that this drain upon the Treasury is the result of lack of confidence growing out of the leaning towards silver, and that if we had emphatic declaration for gold confidence would be restored and the runs on the Treasury cease. Possibly if there were such declaration and gold men be nominated for the Presidency, the runs might cease pending the election to give color to this contention and to influence the popular vote, because the gold men realize the danger of another bond issue on the eve of a Presidential election. It will be politic for them to stave off a bond issue until after the election, especially if they succeed in carrying either or both of the national conventions their way.

A fellow who signs himself "A Bloody Englishman," writes from Asheville that while the Americans are enterprising, &c., he doesn't admire us much, and attributes our sympathy for the Cubans and Boers to the fact that we are "a mixed crowd." We are somewhat mixed, that's a fact, but about the worst mix in us is the English streak that is occasionally found.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— William E. Russell is still Massachusetts' Favorite Son—and she has him all to herself.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— Money that is not "honest" enough to circulate among the people cannot be either "sound" or "honest." It is certainly not "honest" enough to be used as the sole measure of the value of the wealth the people create. —*Atlanta Constitution, Dem.*

—— Spain will make a supreme effort to suppress the Cuban rebellion in October next; Weyler will achieve success in two years from now, and Cuba will obtain a reform of her government in the sweet by-and-by. The reiteration of these promises is becoming rather wearisome. It should be remembered, however, that Spain forms a part of that region of the world which has been aptly called the Land of Tomorrow, in which nothing is pushed with celerity except court-martial proceedings and military executions. —*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Oxford *Ledger:* Silver Democrats, are you aware that a quiet move has been inaugurated in the county, trying to forestall the action of your county convention by electing delegates who may be pledged to the gold standard? We understand that circulars are being distributed through the county trying to get the Democrats to pledge themselves to the gold standard.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. Langdon Jones, who runs on the Bennettsville division of the C. F. & Y. V., informs us that between Bennettsville and Tatum yesterday (Snnday) a tremendous hail storm swept over that whole section, covering the ground four inches deep. It is feared that great damage was done to the growing crops. A severe hail storm is also reported as having occurred between here and Lillington.

— Morganton *Herald*: A petrified man, found by W. M. Buff, on the Saluda river, five miles north of Columbia, S. C., November 10th, 1895, has been on exhibition in Morganton this week and large crowds have gone to see the body. Physicians of Morganton who have examined the body pronounce it, beyond all doubt, to be a genuine specimen of petrification of the human body. It is the body of a white man and supposed to be a British soldier, killed during the Revolution over a hundred years ago, and supposed to be 25 or 30 years of age at his death. He is 5 feet 9 inches in height and weighs in his present condition 313 pound.

TWINKLINGS.

— A Difference in Terms—"She plays the piano a great deal, doesn't she?" "It may be play for her, but for us it is far more serious."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— A Scotchman visiting a churchyard with a friend, pointing to a shady, quiet nook, said: "This is the spot where I intend being laid if I'm spared." —*Tit-Bits.*

— Riggs—Hallo, old man!

Briggs—Excuse me, sir; you have the advantage of me.

"Yes; I guess I have. We were engaged to the same girl, but you married her.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Briggs.—I thought the minister lived next door to the church?

Griggs—He did, but the bell woke him up so early in the morning he had to move.—*Life.*

— Hax: "I always shake hands with Skinner to keep him from picking my pockets." Jax: "So do I; and I always count my fingers afterward."—*Philadelphia Record.*

— Old Gent— Ah! What fine little fellows! And what is your brother's name?

Small Boy—His right name is William but if yer call him Bill he'll come to yer. —*St. Paul's.*

— At the Matrimonial Agent's.—"Do you think we shall suit each other?"

"Splendidly! You possess a very fine loud voice and she is terribly hard of hearing.—*Plaucerecke.*

—"Your husband painted the house this Spring himself, didn't he?"

"Well, yes, I suppose he got some of paint on the house, but you wouldn't think so if you could see his clothes.—*Buffalo News.*

Impoverished blood causes that tired feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood and gives vigor and vitality. †

The Proper Thing

in Wedding Silver, in the first place, is to see that it is of GORHAM make. Their Trade-mark,

The Lion, The Anchor, and The Letter G,

settles everything else that is important—artistic design, perfect workmanship, correct taste, and Sterling quality—leaving nothing to worry about, nothing to be desired.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

THREE NEW YORK LANDMARKS.

Trinity, St. Paul's and Grace Church Defy the Advance of Business Interests.

Three landmarks on Broadway occupy sites so valuable that their retention confounds every calculation of real estate speculators. They are the only three churches on Broadway below Forty-second street, and each has come to be part of the popular distinction of that thoroughfare. They are Trinity, St. Paul's and Grace. All three have high claims to architectural eminence, and all three are of one denomination—the Protestant Episcopal.

The site of Trinity church, on Broadway at the head of Wall street, is appraised officially at $4,000,000; that of St. Paul's church, at Broadway and Fulton street, at $1,750,000, and that of Grace church, Broadway opposite Eleventh street, at $350,000. The frontage of Trinity church, including the churchyard, is 406 feet, of St. Paul's church 167 feet and of Grace church 150 feet. The gross valuation of these three churches is $6,100,000, and as the usual rate of assessment on real estate is about 60 per cent the actual market value of these three Broadway plots is in excess of $10,000,000. In European cities it is no strange thing for public thoroughfares to be dotted with venerable edifices erected for ecclesiastical, military or governmental purposes, but in New York, where there is no material partnership between church and state, and where, perhaps, more utilitarian views prevail than abroad, the steady enhancement of real estate values has been such that few religious corporations have been strong enough or felt themselves strong enough to withstand the temptation to sell. On the present site of Tiffany's, for instance, Broadway and Fifteenth street, formerly a church stood. There was a chapel opposite the site of the old New York hotel. But with the advance of business interests the congregations reluctantly moved away. These three landmarks named have stood their ground, and it seems probable that they will continue to do so.

St. Paul's church is the oldest religious edifice in this city. It was built in 1764, and it was the church which George Washington and his associates attended immediately following the inauguration ceremonies in 1789. Trinity church is the third of that name on the present site, and was erected in 1846. Grace church was erected in 1845, one year before Trinity, and the site, at the head of Broadway where it turns an angle at Tenth street, was carefully chosen. All three buildings enjoy the advantage of being kept in excellent repair, and are improved from time to time by the liberal contributions of benefactors. This is especially true of Trinity and Grace church, which may almost be said to improve year by year. It is a peculiarity of these three landmarks of New York that those who attend them come, in nearly every case, from sections of the city far up town, so that they are, if such an expression may be used, the three churches to be reached by carriage. Very few persons who attend either Trinity or St. Paul's reside in their vicinity, and the number of such parishioners decreases each year. Grace church retains its high rank architecturally, notwithstanding the number of new church buildings in New York, and it has the additional distinction of being popular for fashionable weddings.—New York Sun.

THE TELEGRAPHIC "THIRTY."

How the Cipher, Which Is Now Universal, Had Its Origin.

I attended a funeral the other day where there was a lovely flower piece with the figures "30" in the center. The deceased had been familiar all his life with that signal, having been connected with telegraph or newspaper business for nearly 80 years, and yet I doubt if ever he or any one who contributed to the flower piece knew or dreamed how 30 came to mean anything, especially finis, or the end.

As a part in telegraph history I will explain how this signal, which has come to mean so much, had its origin. Like a great many other expressions, it was started accidentally, as it were. In the infancy of the telegraph business dispatches were sent paid or collect, many of them abbreviated in telegraphing, and all newspaper dispatches were not only abbreviated, but sent collect. There were no news agencies then, as now, and papers had friends in all the towns, who were authorized to send them dispatches to be called for.

Every beginner in the art of telegraphy was given a book of abbreviations and signals, which he had to commit to memory and practice till he became expert in their use. Among those signals that of 30 was found, and it meant "collect pay at the other end." Whether a news dispatch or common business message, if not prepaid, the signal 30 was attached. As all press dispatches were paid for where received, they all had 30 at the end. So when news agencies began their work the signal was retained, for they were still paid for where received.

This signal has come in these days to be a universal finis to all press dispatches, private, special and general, and a secondary meaning, or perhaps, better, a legendary meaning attaches itself as "the end" and is a proper and beautiful expression of the finis of a telegraph operator or any other person.

It well may be a signal to the spiritual dispatch of a human soul to the great center of rewards and as a notice to estimate its value when received and "collect pay at the other end."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PURITANICAL LAWS.

How They Round Up Delinquent Debtors In Cultured Boston.

"Just wait till I catch him in Boston. Then I'll make him come to the center," remarked an angry man the other day while roasting a theatrical manager who owed him a few hundred dollars for services rendered. I told him that I supposed he would then clap the debtor into the Charles Street jail. "That's just what I will do if I ever catch him there, you bet." And then the mad actor explained how easy it was to get even with people of that sort in the Hub. No matter what the debt, nor where or how it was contracted, all one has to do is to enter a complaint and that settles it. If one who owes is averse to notoriety, he'll hardly take the poor debtor's oath, which releases him for a certain number of years, but does not wipe out his obligations, but will linger in the bastile until he can interest his friends or realize on his collateral and settle.

I know several New Yorkers who have run against creditors in the bean burg and have suffered. Some joke about their incarceration and the questions put to them during the process of administering the poor debtor's oath, but most all agree that the Boston law is a puritanical provision that should be materially amended. Bostonians who are dodging process servers are agitating a change that will permit them to pay up on the installment plan instead of being forced to cash in the full amount or remain a guest of the Charles street hotel. If such a law was on the New York statute books and was enforced here—well, the Tombs or some other prison would be holding hundreds who now look as if they owned the town instead of merely owing the townspeople. —New York Letter in Pittsburg Dispatch.

A BORN DETECTIVE.

"Ah, Dr. Dotson! You are just in time. I may need your assistance."

Forelock Tomes put away his mouth harp and lighted a cheroot as I entered the second floor front hall bedroom which we occupied.

"Another mystery?" I asked, for I had become accustomed to the lightning changes in his moods.

"Precisely, and if I am not mistaken—and I never am—it is going to be an interesting one before we reach the end."

Forelock Tomes puffed away at his cheroot for several seconds while he studied the movements of a fly crawling across the ceiling. I leaned against the folding bed and waited for him to proceed.

"There was a caller to see me this morning during my absence. This much I learned from the servant. Here I have an index to the character of the man and a pretty clear history of his trouble."

As Tomes spoke he picked up an umbrella.

"A few minor links in the chain of evidence are missing, but the man will no doubt be able to supply those when he returns at 6:45 o'clock, and with your assistance I expect to be able to clear up the whole matter in a couple of hours. You see, the fellow was somewhat nervous and embarrassed. That, added to a natural carelessness and absentmindedness, caused him to bring his umbrella up stairs instead of leaving it in the rack below. His nervousness increased as he reached my door and he put it down in the hall. Of course he forgot it when he went away. I picked it up, and as a result of my examination of the article I expect to be able to surprise him when he returns."

"But what can you find out about a man by looking at his umbrella?" I asked.

"Everything!" replied Tomes with emphasis. "He bought it, which is something in his favor. I know that, because there is no name inside. When a man borrows an umbrella, he always takes a good one, which is sure to have the former owner's name stamped on the lining or handle. My caller purchased this at a bargain sale for $1.98, marked down from $2.49. That I learn from the fragment of the tag which I found caught in one of the ribs.

"It is an expensive one for him, as he is a clerk in a dry goods store at $11 a week, with the promise of an increase next year, but he is something of a fop, with a fancy for costly articles. That he is a clerk in a dry goods store is clear to a novice like yourself. See, the folds are carefully adjusted and smoothed down on the outside, and the loop is buttoned. The owner is accustomed to folding cloth, smoothing down the creases and securing the cords that hold the bolts of goods in shape.

"The man is young, about 22, I should say. He is slender and ought to weigh about 143 pounds. With my glass I have traced the faint marks left by his fingers where he held the umbrella, and by careful measurement have ascertained that he wears a No. 6¾ glove. With a hand of that size he ought to measure about 5 feet 8½ in his stockings. He is in love with a woman who works in a candy store and paints her face. Last night he met her by appointment. He kissed her once on the lips and once on the cheek. Then they were interrupted, and he left in a hurry. The woman is a blond and has encouraged his advances.

"The man is in trouble on account of this woman, and that is why he came to consult me. The nature of his trouble is not exactly clear, but my impression is that the young man has a rival who is jealous."

"Great heavens, Tomes!" I exclaimed. "You do not mean to tell me you have learned all this about a man you never saw, simply by looking at his umbrella?"

"Precisely. It is very simple to one who observes. To a person of a low order of intelligence this would be a $1.98 umbrella, slightly shopworn and used a short time; nothing more. But when we come to examine it with care we find certain, well defined marks on the cloth, traces of two distinct foreign substances adhering to the handle, which, combined with my infallible theories, lead directly to certain facts, and then you have all the really essential points in a drama of real life, which, let us hope, will not end in a tragedy."

"Wonderful!" I exclaimed. "But tell me how you ascertained the owner of this umbrella kissed a woman who works in a candy store and paints her face, and then left her in a hurry."

"That was the least puzzling feature of the case. Take my glass and look at the handle. You will see outlined there in two colors the imprint of a man's lips. After parting with the woman this fellow was nervous and excited, and unable to borrow a cigarette he bit the handle of his umbrella. The lighter color is paint. It is a very light shade of red, used only by blond women. The darker color, you will observe, is made by a slightly adhesive substance. That is candy, caramels, I make it out. The presence of these two substances proves beyond the possibility of a mistake that he had kissed the woman first on the cheek. She did not resent that; then he kissed her lips, which left traces of paint and caramels on his mouth.

"I know that they were interrupted and that the young man departed in a hurry because the imprint of his lips on the handle was made within a few moments of the time of the kissing. But further evidence of his haste and excitement is found here where he crumpled one of the folds in the cover by clinching his hand over it."

Tomes arose, walked over to the window and looked out. I stood watching him in silent admiration, when suddenly a smile of satisfaction broke over his face.

"Here comes my man, half an hour earlier than I expected him. His case must be serious."

I went to the window, and looking out saw a slender young man walking rapidly across the street and glancing anxiously up at our room. In a few moments there was a sharp ring of the hall bell, followed by steps on the stairs and a knock at the door of our room.

"Come in!" called Tomes putting the telltale umbrella under the table.

The young man entered with a business-like air, and putting his hand in the inside pocket of his coat drew forth some papers.

"Never mind the letters in the case for the present," said Tomes, motioning his visitor to a seat.

"I'm from Suitem, the tailor. Was here this morning. He says if you don't pay that bill he'll bring suit tomorrow."

I handed Tomes a fresh cheroot as the collector thrust forward a bill, and reaching down I picked up the umbrella and put it out of sight in a corner of the room.

Just then there was a second knock at the door and a moment later Jennie, the maid, looked in.

"If you please, Mr. Tomes," she said, "the old gentleman on the top floor back says to ask if you found his umbrella. He dropped it in the hall this morning!"—Exchange.

Sucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred. Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and this builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

A Good Old Joke.

While Mr. Burnard was at a theological seminary, to which he had been sent to be prepared for the priesthood by the late Cardinal Manning, the worthy ecclesiastic suggested that he appeared to have no vocation for the church. Mr. Burnard modestly acquiesced, adding that he "thought he had a vocation for the stage." "A 'vocation' concerns the spiritual welfare," solemnly remarked the cleric. "You cannot speak of 'going on the stage' as a 'vocation.' You might as well call 'being a cobbler' a 'vocation.'" "Well, yes, Dr. Manning," Mr. Burnard answered, "but if I were a cobbler, I should still have the cure of soles."

Notice to Collectors.

The champion scheme to bluff collectors has been discovered in one of Cleveland's big office buildings. It was invented by its owner, who is engaged in professional pursuits, and consists of a neatly framed sign, bearing these words:

"No Bills Paid Until After the 10th of Each Month."

It is a reversible affair, and the collectors who call on the 10th of the month or later are confronted with this announcement:

"No Bills Paid After the 10th of Each Month."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Depends Upon Circumstances.

"Do you believe a married man lives longer than a single one?"

"Well, I don't know," replied Mr. Neuwed. "I lived longer before I was married than I have since."—West Medford Windmill.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		5¼
Standard	7¼@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams, ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides, ₩ lb	7½@	7¾
Shoulders, ₩ lb	6¾@	7
DRY SALTED—		
Sides, ₩ lb	5¼@	5½
Shoulders, ₩ lb	5½@	4¾
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35@	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX, ₩ lb	26@	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50@	7 00
Northern	9 00@	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern, "	23@	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	42½@	45
Virginia Meal	40@	42½
COTTON TIES, ₩ bundle	@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—		
Sperm	18@	25
Adamantine	9@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10@	11
Dairy, Cream	11@	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27@	28
Laguyra	20@	23
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	@	5¾
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	8@	9
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 00@	3 25
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 75@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 00@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5@	10
" Extra	3 25@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Low grade	3 25@	3 50
Choice	3 25@	3 50
Straight	4 10@	4 25
Fine Patent	@	4 10
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	42½@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	41½
Oats, from store	33½@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40@	40
Cow Peas	50@	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 05
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2@	3¼
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	8½@	9@
North Carolina	6@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (City sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00@	30 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
" in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25@	27½
" in bbls	25@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12@	14
" in bbls	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13@	26
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35@	2 45
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	11 50@	11 00
Rump	@	11 00
Prime	@	11 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10@	22
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	55
Lisbon	@	55
American	@	55
on 125 ₩ Sacks	40@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00@	7 00
Common	2 00@	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grans'd	5½@	5¾
Standard A	@	5¾
White Ex. C	@	5¼
ExtraC, Golden	@	4¾
C, Yellow	@	4¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	5½@	6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00@	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, all feet—Shipping	20@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 50@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	00@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00@	2
North Carolina	1 00@	
OOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14@	
Clear of burs	19½@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Quiet at 23 cents per gallon for country and 23½ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 89½ per bbl for Strained and $1 87½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, 26c; rosin, strained, $1.15; good strained, $1 20; tar, $1 35; crude turpentine, $1 20, 1 80, 2 35.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	48 casks
Rosin	212 bbls
Tar	77 bbls
Crude Turpentine	6 bbls

Receipts same day last year—257 casks spirits turpentine, 901 bbls rosin; 215 bbls tar, 83 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 7¾c for middling Quotations:

Ordinary	5¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅝ " "
Low Middling	7 5-16 " "
Middling	7¾ " "
Good Middling	8 1-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 6¾c.

Receipts—5 bales; same day last year, 2.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8½ to 9½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7½c; Sides, 6½ to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3 50; seven inch, $5.50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½, and closing offered at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for sixty days; 488½@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills 486¾@487. Government bonds quiet; United States coupon fours 109¾; United States twos 94¼ State bonds neglected; North Carolina fours 105 bid; North Carolina sixes 124 bid. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 19—Evening.—Cotton, dull; middling gulf 8¼c; middling uplands 8¼c.

Cotton futures closed quiet but steady; May 8 08, June 8 06, July 8 08, August 8 11, September 7 45, October 7 80, November 7 19, December 7 19, January 7 23; February 7 25; March 7.29c. Sales 57 700 bales.

Cotton—net 510 bales; gross receipts 4,458 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,036 bales; to France — bales; to the

Castoria

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

a 25 D&W 1y till July 28 sa tu th

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

The Morning Star.

Democratic Plan of Organization.

As Amended and Changed by the State Executive Committee.

The following is a carefully corrected copy of the Democratic Plan of Organization in North Carolina, as amended and changed at the recent meeting of the State Executive committee. All Democratic conventions hereafter will be held, and all Democratic candidates will be nominated according to this amended plan:

PRECINCT ORGANIZATION.

1. The unit of country organization shall be the voting precinct. In each precinct there shall be an executive committee, to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters of the several precincts in the meetings first called by the County Executive committee. And said committee so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all committee meetings.

2. The chairmen of the several precinct committees shall compose the County Executive committee, which shall meet at the same time and place as the county convention first held in each election year, and elect a chairman of said county committee, who need not be a member of the committee, and he shall preside at all meetings of said committee, and shall hold his place until his successor shall be elected. A majority of said precinct chairmen, in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum. The county committee shall likewise appoint a central committee of five, who shall act in its stead when the county committee is not in session.

3. In case there shall be a failure on the part of any precinct to elect its executive committee for a period of thirty days, the county executive committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said precinct.

4. The members of the precinct committee shall elect to any vacancy occurring in said committees.

5. The County Executive Committee shall call all necessary county conventions by giving at least ten days' notice by public advertisement in three public places in each precinct, at the court house door, and in any Democratic newspaper that may be published in said county, requesting all Democrats of the county to meet in their respective precincts on a common day therein stated, which said day shall not be less than three days before the meeting of the county conventions, for the purpose of electing their delegates to the county conventions from the voters of meeting so held shall elect their delegates to represent the precincts in the county conventions from the voters of the respective voting precincts, which delegates, or such of them shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective voting precincts on all questions that may come before said county conventions. In case no meeting shall be held in any precinct in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made, the precinct executive shall appoint such delegates.

The chairmen of precinct committes shall preside at all precinct meetings. In their absence any other member of said committee may preside.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONVENTIONS.

1. The several county conventions shall be entitled to elect to their Senatorial, Judicial and Congressional conventions one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions of over twenty-five Democratic votes cast at the last Gubernatorial election in their respective counties, and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said conventions: Provided, That every county shall have at least one vote in each of said conventions.

Provided further, That in all county conventions in which delegates shall be selected to attend any State, Congressional, Judicial or other convention, a vote shall be taken in accordance with the plan of organization as to the candidates whose names may be presented to such county convention. The delegates shall be selected from the friends and supporters of each candidate voted for in proportion to the number of votes he shall receive in such county convention, and no other instructions shall be given: Provided further, That when only one candidate is presented and voted for at such county convention, it shall be lawful to instruct for such candidate.

2. At every county convention, before delegates to State, Congressional, Judicial, Senatorial or other conventions are chosen, there shall be a vote taken for the different candidates for office whose names may be presented, and the delegates shall vote their respective counties in accordance with this vote; that is to say, each candidate shall receive in the State, Congressional, Judicial, Senatorial, or other conventions, the proportion of the vote to which the county may be entitled which he received in the county convention. The chairman and secretary of the county convention shall certify to each convention the vote received by each candidate at the county convention, and no other instruction

PRIMARY.

6. At every precinct meeting there shall, before delegates to the county convention are elected, be a vote taken for the different candidates for office, whose names may be presented, and the delegates shall vote in the county convention their respective precincts in accordance with this vote; that is to say, each candidate shall receive in the county convention that proportion of the vote to which the precinct may be entitled which he received in the precinct meeting. The chairman and secretary of the precinct meeting shall certify to the county convention the vote received by each candidate at the precinct meeting.

7. Each precinct shall be entitled in the county convention to cast one vote for every twenty-five Democratic votes, and one vote for fractions of thirteen Democratic votes cast by the township at the last preceding Gubernatorial election: Provided, That every voting precinct shall be entitled to cast at least one vote, and each precinct may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

shall be given; Provided, that where only one candidate is presented it shall be lawful to instruct for him.

At the State and district conventions the delegates from the different counties may disregard the vote of their respective counties to any candidate, provided two-thirds majority of all his votes from the county consent thereto.

3. The chairman, or, in his absence, any member of the county, senatorial, judicial and congressional committees, shall call together their respective conventions and hold chairmanship thereof until the convention shall elect its chairman.

4. The executive committee of the Senatorial, Congressional and Judicial districts, respectively, shall, at the call of their respective chairmen, meet at some time and place in their respective districts designated in said call. And it shall be their duty to appoint the time and place for holding conventions in their respective districts, and the chairmen of said respective committees shall immediately notify the chairmen of the different county executive committees of the said appointment, and the said county executive committees shall forthwith call conventions of their respective counties in conformity to said notice, to send delegates to said respective district conventions.

STATE CONVENTION.

The State convention shall be composed of delegates appointed by the several county conventions. Each county shall be entitled to elect one delegate and one alternate for every one hundred and fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over seventy five Democratic votes cast therein at the last preceding Gubernatorial election, and none but delgates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said convention: Provided, That every county shall have at least one vote in said convention.

GENERAL RULES.

1. At all conventions the delegates shall be selected, as near as may be, from the friends and supporters of the candidates voted for.

2. Such delegates—or alternates of absent delegates—as may be present at any Democratic convention, shall be allowed to cast the whole vote to which their precinct or county may be entitled.

3. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast there shall be no change in such vote until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said convention.

4. All Democratic executive committees shall have the power to fill any vacancies occurring in their respective bodies.

5. The chairmen of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates to the different district and State conventions, and a certified list of said delegates and alternates to the State convention shall be sent to the secretary of the State central committee.

6. It shall be the duty of the county committee, and of its chairman, to furnish such information and make such reports to the chairman of the State committee as he may desire.

Adopted by the State Democratic Executive Committee at Raleigh, N. C., April 9th, 1896.

JAMES H. POU, Chairman,
Smithfield, N. C.
WILEY RUSH, Secretary,
Asheboro, N. C.

NOTE.

As a result of the passage of the new election law, many townships have been divided into voting precincts and no committees have been elected for these precincts; the several county executive committees are hereby requested to appoint, as soon as possible, committees for each new precinct, appointing whenever practicable the members of the old township committee resident in the new precincts. The committee thus appointed will serve until their successors shall be elected, which should be at the first precinct meeting hereafter held. JAMES H. POU,
Chairman State Dem. Ex Com.

The Democratic press is requested to publish the plan of organization and this note.

How Fast the Earth Moves.

Everybody knows that the earth makes one complete revolution on its axis once in each 24 hours. But few, however, have any idea of the high rate of speed at which such an immense ball must turn in order to accomplish the feat of making one revolution in a day and a night. A graphic idea of the terrific pace which the old earth keeps up year after year may be had by comparing its speed to that of a cannon ball fired from a modern high pressure gun. The highest velocity ever attained by such a missile has been estimated at 1,626 feet per second, which is equal to a mile in 3 2-10 seconds. The earth, in making one complete revolution in the short space of 24 hours, must turn with a velocity almost exactly equal to that of the cannon ball. In short, its rate of speed at the equator is exactly 1,507 feet per second. This is equal to a mile every 3 6-10 seconds, 17 miles a minute.—St. Louis Republic.

Why Everybody Smiled.

An amusing scene was witnessed by many pedestrians one day at the corner of Thirty-seventh street and Broadway. A fence, about 30 feet high, covered with theatrical lithographs, incloses a lot on that corner, where the foundations of a new building are being laid. It was the noon hour, and six brawny sons of Erin were seated on a slightly raised platform, resting against the fence. They were eating their luncheon and were joking and laughing to their hearts' content. Those who stopped to look at the group could not withhold a smile, for directly above this jolly group of Irishmen, in bold, lurid letters, were the words "The Gay Parisians." Here indeed was a pleasant satire, the result of accident. No wonder the workingmen wondered why people smiled at them so much.—New York Herald.

The Inquisitive Small Boy.

"Father," said the little boy, looking up from his picture book, "if I ask you a question, will you answer it?"

"Certainly," was the affable reply.

"And not get angry?"

"Of course not."

"Nor say it's time I was in bed?"

"I won't do any of those things."

"Well, what I want to know is where does a snake begin when it wags its tail?"—Washington Star.

A bright girl in Maine recently began a composition thus: "The Puritans found a lunatic asylum in the wilds of America." She had read in a book that the Puritans found an asylum in this country, and to make the statement more vivid she added the word "lunatic."

THE FELON'S STORY.

"Condemned to die," he muttered, "and that tomorrow!"

And as he spoke he paced his cell with quick, feverish tread. His eyes were fastened on the cold iron floor. Suddenly he raised them.

"Did you say why?" he cried, with a fierceness that made us start. "Did you ask why it was I killed her, and she my wife?"

You would have known by his eyes that there was a dark shadow either of crime or approaching death upon him. Again he paced the hard iron beneath him.

"And she my wife! Yes, curse her, she was my wife! Ah, how I hated her! With what pleasure I crushed the life out of her body and heard her last gurgling moan!"

He turned suddenly and faced us. His eyes were fiery red. But that we knew he was sane we might have supposed him to be a maniac.

"You do not know," he went on spasmodically, "you do not know what hatred is until you have hated the wife whom you once thought you had loved. Among the demons below there is nothing that can equal it. To live in her repulsive presence, to calmly endure her little acts of tenderness by which she hopes—deluded soul—to drive the tempest from your brow, and to feel the loathed touch of her arms about you—all this will turn your heart into a black and burning hell.

"Slowly it grew upon me, and the poison was already deep into my soul when I first felt the revulsion of feeling. One day the touch of her hand was unpleasant to my brow. It had always soothed before. That was the first outward sign of the dark night that was coming. I could not explain it—I do not believe there lives a man who can. She had done nothing to cause it. She was as true and faithful as ever wife was, and I loved her. I was sure of that.

"But it had come, and I felt its icy fingers chill my blood. I struggled to throw it off, but in vain. Day by day she grew more loathsome, more repulsive to me, until at last I despised her very presence. She must have seen the dark moods that came over me, and she tried to dispel them with kisses that burned and seared me, and with whispers of love that fell upon my ears like the hiss of serpents.

"It was an awful thing to hate this woman as I did, and she my wife. Her every movement was repulsive, every word that she spoke was discord to my being, every touch of her hand sent a flaming hell into my heart.

"Soon I began to plan dark things, half unknowing what it was at first, and the very thought frightened me when it came into my brain. It was not long before I grew accustomed to it, and calmly and deliberately, yet with gloating pleasure, I would form plots against the life of this woman whom I hated, this wife of my bosom.

"It grew to be an absorbing mania. I dreamed of nothing else, found pleasure in no other thought, and all the while the dark and murderous passion was fanned to deadlier purpose by her every loving word and movement.

"Carefully and cunningly I laid my plans for her murder. I would kill her while she slept, in the early part of the night. Then I would give her trunk the appearance of having been rifled. I would go out into the town, get a friend to come home with me, and when I walked into her room would make the ghastly discovery and shout for my friend to come in. Together we would investigate and find that she had been dead only a short while. I would call in an officer, accuse one of the servants, and then let the law do the rest.

"It was about half past 10 at night, and I knew by her deep and regular breathing that she slept soundly. The light was burning dimly, and even in her sleep I hated her with a hatred that belongs to the souls of the damned. I did not have to muster up my courage to do the deed. I gloated at the prospect and had to restrain myself until the time came.

"I pressed my fingers fiercely and frantically against her throat. I could hardly keep from shouting when I did. She struggled violently, but I held her with a demon's grip. With one of her hands she caught me by the wrist with such force that I had to pull violently to get it away. But soon it was over, and she had ceased breathing. Even death did not end my hatred. I longed for her to be hid from my sight.

"The other parts of my plot were carried through without a break. The servant was arrested before morning, and then I was jubilant and happy, though I took good care to conceal it.

"Early the next day several officers were there looking into the murder. I knew of course that they could not suspect me, and I was in the room with them as they were seeking some clew to the crime. One of them looked at me a little curiously once or twice, and it made me just a trifle nervous, but how could he suspect me? I chuckled to myself at the idea. And if he did, what proof had he?

"Presently, as he was bending over the dead body of my wife, he looked round suddenly and glanced, I thought, at my left hand. But I looked, and there was no scratch or mark upon it to betray me, and I was reassured. Then he called us to him where he bent over the body. In the closed and stiffened fingers of the right hand he had found something. With a good deal of difficulty and with the help of the other officers, he forced it out. I did not see what it was, for he held it in his hand.

"Before I could realize what had happened, he and the others had seized me and forced my right hand up. There they saw my cuff and in it a gold button. Then he raised my left hand, and we all saw that the other button was gone.

"I had not noticed it before, and my face must have blanched. But the officer only smiled. He held up the object that he had just forced out of my dead wife's hand.

"It was a gold button, the exact counterpart of the one I wore!

"In her struggles she no night before she had torn it from its place and held it in her hand to convict me of her murder.

"Yes, tomorrow I will die," he repeated as he commenced pacing the iron floor again, "and with the last throb of my heart I will still curse her memory."—W. M. Hobby in Atlanta Constitution.

A Brain In Your Throat.

Did you know that the throat has a brain of its own? I suppose few people are aware of it, but it's a fact. There is a small ganglion which exercises direct control of the muscles of the throat and acts as its brain. Of course, it is subservient to the genuine brain, but, at the same time, does a good deal of independent thinking for itself. It is very timid and suspicious of any strange objects that come near the throat.

For this reason it is very difficult for a physician to operate on the throat. Before anything can be done in this direction it is necessary for the operator to gain the confidence of the little brain that dominates it. It frequently takes weeks before this confidence can be secured, and until it is secured it is impossible to perform any operation.

Woe to the man who attempts rough treatment to the throat before gaining the little brain's confidence! His operations will be resented with violent paroxysms, first of the throat, then of the diaphragm, and, if the operator still persists, the patient will be thrown into convulsions. Still more curious is the fact that this little brain has a memory, and if once frightened in this way it is almost impossible to ever gain its confidence, no matter how gentle the operator may be.—Pearson's Weekly.

Cream of Onion Soup.

Put a quart of stock and 6 sliced onions in a saucepan and bring slowly to a boiling point. Simmer gently for three-quarters of an hour. Then press through a fine sieve. Return this to the fire, rub together a large tablespoonful of butter and 3 tablespoonfuls of flour, add gradually a little of the hot soup. When smooth, turn into the kettle and stir until it reaches the boiling point. Then add a gill of cream or milk, a seasoning of salt and pepper, turn into a tureen, add a tablespoonful of chopped parsley or chervil and serve. This is Mrs. Rorer's recipe.

Man is beyond dispute the most excellent of created beings, but the sages agree that a grateful dog is better than an ungrateful man.—Saadi.

A good wild bee hunter must possess not only keen eyesight, but a thorough knowledge of woodcraft.

Every Room

in your house spick and span, and you hardly feel that you've cleaned them. To master your housework, and not let it master you—use

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

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HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Cure" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Cure." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. "Baco-Cure" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured By Baco-Cure and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 23.
Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No To Bac," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Cure" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved from all the nervous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition.

Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBURY,
Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per box; three boxes (thirty days' treatment), $2.50, with iron-clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co. La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

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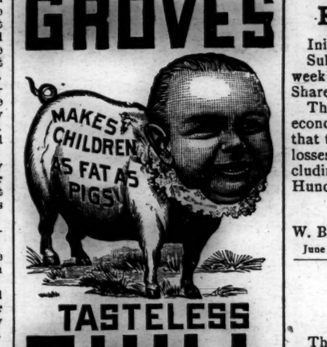
GROVES



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IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
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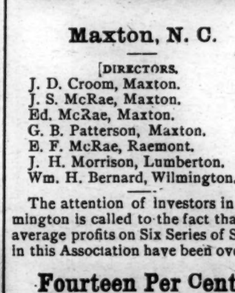

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June 8 1m

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dec 27 1y

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

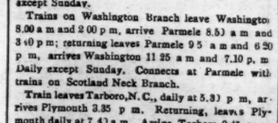
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
8		7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
3 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Maysville.....Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville.....Lv	9 58
5 3	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 30
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 17, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.37 p m, Rocky Mount 1.38 p m, Tarboro 2.30 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.20 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 8.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Godsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 6.35 a m, Petersburg 2.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.05 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.45 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.05 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Peters burg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 9.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m., Florence 8.20 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.5 a m and 6.20 p m, arrives Washington 11.25 a m and 7.10 p m Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 8.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 7.50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.35 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.10 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 9.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.05 a m, arrive Latta 9.21 a m, Dillon 9.36 a m, Rowland 9.55 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.56 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Wadesboro daily at 5.50 a m, Cheraw 6.42 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Returning leave Florence 7.45 p m, Darlington 8.17 p m, Cheraw 9.22 p m, arrive Wadesboro 10.15 p m

Trains leave Gibson daily except Sunday, 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 8.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Returning, leave Darlington 8.15 p m, Bennetsville 9.09 p m, arrive Gibson 9.35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7.12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m. Smithfield 5.03 p m, Dunn 5.50 p m, Fayetteville 6.55 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.51 a m, Smithfield 12.30 p m, Selma 12.57 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7.59 a m, arrives Sumter †9 30 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †6 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4.33 a m, arrives Denmark 6.30 a m. Leave Elliott †11.10 a m and †7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow †1 p m and †8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow †6 05 a m and †3 00 p m, arrive Elliot †8 35 a m and †2 30 p m. Leaves Denmark 4 17 pm, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leave Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrive Sumter †3 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 30 p m, arrives Darlington †8 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

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J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 19 tf

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Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

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PAWNEE, Saturday, May 16
CROATAN, Saturday, May 23

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, May 16
PAWNEE, Thursday, May 21
ONEIDA, Saturday, May 23

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, May 26

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WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. my 13 tf

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feb 1 1m Agent.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 12, 1896

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar... Wilmington ...Lv	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar.. Fayetteville ...Lv	10 55 "
3 19 "	Lv ... Sanford Lv	12 32 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv..... Climax.....Lv	2 25 "
1 03 "	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar.....Greensboro

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The *Sun* says, Cotton advanced one to three points closing quiet and steady, with sales of 57,700 bales.

To-day's features: A slight auvance took place in spite of some drawbacks, For instance, the soeculation was light, the spot months here and abroad were dull, and Manchester was lifeless. Fall River and Providence were in about the same predicament and the crop news was generally favorable. Good rains were reported at Bennettsville, S. C. The stocks of raw cotton held by Northern mills in this country and also by mills on the Continent of Europe are larger than usual. Everybody looks for the biggest crop on record during the coming season. At the same time the statistical position is well known to be strong. Liverpool to-day was higher. Leading New York bulls were buying. New Orleans was conspicuously strong. The receipts were small; the exports of late have been rather liberal, and print cloths have latterly been pretty steady, and some descriptions of cotton goods have sold a trifle more freely. Good commercial paper, it is stated, commands a ready sale. The crop outlook in the Carolinas and parts of Georgia and Texas might be better. Insects are complained of in Texas and dry weather on the Atlantic seaboard. The truth is, however, that both bulls and bears are practically resting on their oars, awaiting future developments. A little covering to-day, and some support from bullish interest caused a moderate advance.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Firm and Higher—Oats Unchanged —Lard and Ribs Closed Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Yesterday's closing weakness in wheat was carried into this morning's trade in that grain, further selling out by longs and more driving by short sellers depressing prices about half a cent further. Before the close, however, there was a reversal in feeling and shorts were good buyers, displaying more or less anxiety in the operation. The recovered strength was due to reported export business at the seaboard. July wheat opened from 61⅛ to 61@61⅛c., sold between 60¾ and 61⅝ @61¾c., closing at 61⅝c.—⅜ to ½c. higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm to half cent higher.

Corn displayed the same indifference of action which has characterized it for so long. Local scalpers and private holders were the only operators and their transactions were on an extremely limited scale. July corn opened at 29¾ to 29¼c., sold between 29¾ and 29⅝c. closing at 29¾ to 29⅝c.—a shade higher than yesterday. Cash corn sold at steady prices. The demand was not urgent, but all offerings were readily taken.

Oats—The trade was not marked by any unusual activity, the transactions of the day being of minor importance. July oats closed unchanged from yesterday. Cash oats were firm.

Provisions—The action in provisions was listless and prices were almost stationary during the greater part of the session The hog market was unchanged and its failure to fluctuate tended to steady provisions. Pork advanced with wheat late in the day, but the articles scarcely moved. July pork closed 7½c higher than yesterday, July lard and ribs 2½@5c lower. Domestic markets were quiet and steady.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

Mobile—Mobile 4; Birmingham 14.

Chicago—Chicago 0; New York 7.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati 8; Philadelphia 2.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 6; Brooklyn 5.

Louisville-Washington game postponed—wet grounds.

St. Louis-Boston game postponed—wet grounds.

Cleveland-Baltimore game postponed —wet grounds.

Columbus—Columbus 3; Montgomery 5.

Lynchburg—Lynchburg 13, Roanoke 7.

Norfolk—Norfolk 5; Richmond 4.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—This is the standing of the National League:

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Cincinnati	17	9	.654
Cleveland	15	8	.652
Boston	16	9	.640
Pittsburg	14	8	.636
Baltimore	15	10	.606
Philadelphia	14	11	.560
Chicago	15	12	.556
Washington	13	13	.500
Brooklyn	10	14	.417
St. Louis	9	17	.346
New York	8	17	.320
Louisville	5	21	.192

ACCIDENT ON THE C. N. & L.

Two Train Hands Killed and Fourteen Cars Burned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May.—There was a head end collision on the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens Railroad this afternoon between Chapins and Little Mountain due to a mistake of the train dispatcher at Newberry.

The south-bound freight, Conductor Griffin, was ordered to side-track at Little Mountain to wait until the regular up-freight and an extra freight passed. The operator gave the conductor only half of the order, omitting the directions as to the extra. When the regular freight passed Little Mountain the train pulled out of the side-track, and when about midway of the high grade below the station collided at full speed with the extra. Engineer Williford, of Carlton, Ga., and two negro train hands—names unknown—were killed, and fourteen box cars were burned. A relief train with President Childs, of the C. N. & L., left Columbia for the scene of the accident at once.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 26½@26½c. Rosin was steady; strained common to good $1 85 @1 90.

CHARLESTON, May 19.—Spirits turpentine dull; quotations omitted. Rosin dull; quotations omitted.

SAVANNAH, May 19.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½c; sales 2,000 casks; receipts 2,945 casks. Rosin firm; sales 4 500 barrels; receipts 6,948 barrels; A, B, C, D, E, F, $1 42½, G $1 50, H $1 60, I $1 65, K $1 70, M $1 80, N $1 85, window glass $2 00; water white $2 10.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS BILL PASSED.

Discussion in the House on Bills to Improve Additional Restrictions Upon Immigration —Contested Election Cases—A Pension Bill Vetoed by the President.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The Senate gave its attention to-day to the District of Columbia Appropriation bill, which, as reported from the Appropriations Committee, appropriated about seven million dollars, of which one-half comes from the Treasury of the United States and the other half from the taxes collected by the District Commissioners. A good deal of debate occurred over the question of charities and hospitals—the House bill appropriating a bulk sum, to be distributed under contracts with the existing institutions, and the Senate committee's amendment striking out that provision and substituting for it the usual specific items for the various hospitals, or physicians' asylums and other charitable houses. It was this proposition that was sustained by the Senate by a vote of 35 to 18.

The only two general appropriation bills remaining to be acted on by the Senate are the Fortification bill and the Deficiency bill.

A concurrent resolution was offered by Mr. Bacon, Democrat of Georgia, and referred, authorizing the various executive departments and the Smithsonian Institution to permit the use of suitable materials, within their control, by the Southern States Exposition to be held in Chicago from August to November, 1896 —particularly specimens of the agricultural, forest and mining products of the South.

In connection with the appropriation for charities, an amendment was reported by the Committee on Appropriations and was agreed to, for the appointment of a joint select committee of three Senators and three Representatives to investigate the charities and reformatory institutions of the District of Columbia and to report, among other things, whether any of the Government appropriations made for them had been used to maintain or aid any church or religious denomination.

After a short executive session, the Senate at 6 p. m. adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House to-day passed the resolution reported by the Committee on Elections No. 1, confirming the title of W. C. Owens, Democrat, to the seat he occupies as a Representative from the Seventh district of Kentucky which had been contested by George Denny, Jr., Republican. It also passed a resolution from the same committee providing for a recount of the ballots cast for Congressman in the 16th Illinois district at the November election, 1894, in the contest of Rinaker vs. Downing, for the seat from that district.

The message of President Cleveland vetoing the bill to pension Caroline D. Mowatt, was laid before the House and referred to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Nearly all the day was taken up by argument upon the several bills reported from the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization, to impose additional restrictions upon immigration. Speeches were made by Mr. Barthold of Missouri, Republican, chairman of the committee, and Mr. Morse of Massachusetts, Republican, in favor of the McCall bill, imposing an educational test; by Mr. Tracewell of Indiana, Republican, and Mr. W. A. Stone of Pennsylvania, Republican, in favor of the latter's bill requiring consular inspection at the port of departure; by Mr. Corliss of Michigan, Republican, in favor of his bill to relieve the Lake cities especially of the burdens of Canadian competition; and by Mr. Buck of Louisiana, Democrat, in opposition to any additional restrictions whatever. The speech of the last named gentleman was eloquent, and judging from the attention given it, and the extent of the applause none of the proposed measures will meet the approval of a majority of the House.

At 5.05 p. m. the House adjourned until to-morrow.

The business of the House was seriously retarded by the breaking of a violent storm over the Capitol, which drew nearly all the members from the hall. They repaired to the balcony on the south front where they could under protection, witness the sweep of the elements over the Capitol park and the section of country south to the hills in Maryland.

LYNCHING IN LOUISIANA.

A Negro Ravisher Hanged in St. Bernard Parish.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, May 19.—This morning early pedestrians who happened to pass the court house and jail in St. Bernard parish were horrified to see swaying in the breeze the body of a man. The news quickly spread and many hundreds viewed the gruesome spectacle. Sheriff Nunez was told and hastened to the scene and immediately ordered that the body be cut down and took it in charge. This was done and then it was seen that the distorted features, made hideous by Judge Lynch's swift justice, were those of Jim Dazzle, alias Jim Glemly, a negro.

The news reached the city last evening from St. Bernard parish that a negro had attempted to ravish a white woman Sunday morning in front of the Poydras plantation. The news of the attempted outrage spread through the parish and in a short while every one was on the trail of the ravisher.

The victim is a white married woman, named Mrs. Moleso. She formerly resided at Delacroix Island, which is about thirty miles below the city. A short while ago she moved to the Poydras plantation along with her family. Mrs. Moleso, accompanied by her younger sister and child, proceeded to an adjoining plantation. While on the way they met the negro and when he got near the ladies the negro seized Mrs. Moleso and before she was released she was prostrate on the ground. The women screamed for aid and were heard by a man in a road-cart, who, suspecting the ladies were in trouble, hastened to the scene and arrived just in time to see the negro escape, and gave chase. The negro was captured and placed in the parish prison of St. Bernard. He was working on a plantation near the place of the crime.

BURLINGTON POSTOFFICE.

Why Freeman's Nomination for Postmaster Was Rejected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The rejection by the Senate last evening of the nomination of R. A. Freeman to be postmaster at Burlington, N. C., was the result of representations made to the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads by Senator Butler of North Carolina. It was shown by Mr. Butler and corroborated by others, that Freeman was a man who had terrorized the country and had gone about the work of systematically breaking up public meetings wherever they were called by Populists and Republicans. An appeal was made to the committee and to the Senate to rebuke such an interference with the rights of free speech, and without taking a formal vote the Senate rejected the nomination.

The revenue cutter Boutwell, stationed at Savannah, Ga., has been ordered to proceed to sea in search of the Caurada, supposed to be on a filibustering expedition to Cuba.

THE CIGAR INDUSTRY

SERIOUSLY AFFECTED BY THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT'S DECREE

Forbidding Exportation of Tobacco from Cuba—Factories in Tampa and Key West, Florida, Will be Forced to Shut Down—The Employes Will Flock to Cuba and Join the Insurgents in Their Struggle for Liberty.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., May 19.—The cigar industry of this city is beginning to feel the effects of the war in Cuba to a serious extent. Yesterday rumors were current on the street that Yoor & Manrara's factory had shut down and that others had also closed down. A reporter went out to see Mr. Manrara and others concerning the report. Mr. Manrara was in his office as usual, and when approached said they were working but that probably they would shut down this morning for a few days. The other factories were at work as usual.

The Spanish Government has fixed the limit for the exportation of tobacco from the island at the 26th of May, and after that date no more tobacco will be allowed to leave Cuba. At this time American buyers have invested millions of dollars in the leaf as it hangs in the dry-houses, and which is in such a condition that it cannot be safely reached inside of sixty days. The weather there at this time is as dry as it is here, and the leaf cannot be handled without great loss to the purchasers. The Spanish Government is quite well aware of this and their object is to strike at the backbone of Cuban liberty by cutting off the means through which the insurgents derive their principal support. This is a severe blow to the American industry and a great injustice to American citizens who have invested so heavily in Cuban leaf tobacco. The Government of the United States has already been advised of the status of the case, and have been asked to use its good offices with the Spanish Government to get an extension of the limit for sixty days, so as to allow American purchasers to get their values out of the island. It is hoped the United States Government will act promptly in this matter, as the limit fixed now is very short and delay would result in serious loss.

In case the extension is not granted the manufacturers do not know just what will be done by them; but one thing is certain, the cigar-makers will flock to the island by thousands, and take up arms in the cause of liberty. All over the streets and in the cafes yesterday this was the talk. If the extension is not granted five thousand cigar-makers from Tampa will be in Cuba and on their way there within sixty days.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 19.—The order of Gen. Weyler, prohibiting the exportation of tobacco from Cuba has caused consternation among the Cubans of Florida. The revenues of the United States government will be cut down at least one million from the port of Tampa alone during the next year, says Collector Wilson of the Internal Revenue Department, if the orders are carried out by the Spanish authorities.

Thousands of Cubans in Florida will be thrown out of employment if there is not Cuban tobacco to manufacture, and having nothing to do these Cubans will go over to Cuba to fight for the independence of their native land.

It is the general opinion that Gen. Weyler has made a bad move in issuing any such order. His object was no doubt to throw the Cubans in this country out of employment and thus reduce their ability to aid the cause of the insurgents; but while he may succeed in this, he will, in reality, have strengthened the Cuban army to a great extent and brought the victory of the Cubans nearer.

CROP BULLETIN,

Warm Weather Causing Injury to Grain and Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Weather and crop bulletin:

Virginia—Richmond: Absence of rain and high, dry winds have caused a deterioration of wheat, oats, and grasses from previous conditions; chinchbugs are still on wheat, but not spreading much; peanuts, cotton and tobacco being planted; berries ripening.

North Carolina—Raleigh: Excessively warm, dry weather, injurious to all crops; drought damaging to wheat and oats and has killed some young corn and cotton and delayed tobacco transplanting till plants have become overgrown; bulk of corn and cotton crops standing drought well; gardens much injured; fruit dropping more than usual.

South Carolina—Columbia: Need rain; drought has ruined spring oats and garden truck generally, also retards germination and prevents completion of planting corn and cotton; excessive temperature and drying winds prevailed; crops have attained stands and doing fairly well; crop conditions best in western and northeastern counties.

Georgia—Atlanta: Week extremely hot and dry and, except in a few favored localities, all crops and vegetation suffering for rain; gardens and pastures drying up; some complaint of cotton lice and bud worms injuring bottom land corn.

Alabama—Montgomery: Warm sunny weather, except scattered showers Thursday; cotton making good growth and chopping nearly completed; early corn beginning to tassel.

Mississippi — Vicksburg: Continued generally favorable weather; timely rains were of inestimable value to all crops; cotton growing rapidly and some well cultivated; corn in silk and tassel and being laid by; more rain needed in a few sections and local complaints of worms and potato bugs.

Louisiana—New Orleans: General improvement in crops, but rains badly distributed and more needed; week warm and sunshine on corn being laid by; cotton chopping continues; too dry for rice.

Texas — Galveston: Severe local storms damaged crops in some section, over northeast portions, but rain over eastern portion of State materially improved crop conditions; rain is needed over western portions for cotton and corn.

Arkansas—Little Rock: Weather favorable for cultivation and growth of all crops; cotton and corn growing nicely and well cultivated; Irish potatoes much improved; sweet potatoes set out and doing well; fruit falling badly; conditions not so good as previously reported; wheat and oats only fair.

Tennessee—Nashville: Drought continues severe in eastern and central portions, and crops generally rapidly lowering in conditions; good rains in western portion, and crops growing well; corn and cotton fairly good and being worked clean; some tobacco set.

CUBAN NEWS.

Spaniards Report an Engagement With the Insurgents.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 19—A column of troops, under command of Col. Garrido, while marching from Guantanamo, in the direction of Samua de Tanamo, to prevent the rebels from protecting the landing of a filibustering expedition which was expected to arrive shortly, met near Canoa a strong insurgent force occupying a formidable position. The troops fiercely attacked the rebels and dislodged them from their position. The rebel loss is unknown. Eighteen of the troops were seriously and twelve slightly wounded.

POSTAL MATTERS.

Alleged Attempt to Overcharge the Government for Conveyance of Mails in the Southern States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Postmaster General Wilson to-day authorized the publication of the following statement in regard to an alleged attempt to overcharge the Government for the conveyance of mails through the Southern States:

"Every four years the mail transported over the various railways in the United States is weighed for a period of thirty days, for one-fourth of the country each year. Upon the average weight obtained during the thirty days the commission of the railroad is adjusted, and remains in force for four years. The last weighing was conducted during the month of March, 1896. One railroad company, the Seaboard Air Line, whose main line extends from Portsmouth, Va., to Atlanta, Ga., attempted to take advantage of this opportunity to swell the weighing of mails carried over their system, during the weighing of the mails, by very large shipments of public documents. About three hundred sacks of documents franked by a United States Senator and a member of Congress were sent to the various station agents of this company in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia. The sacks weighed from 100 to 125 pounds each. Two, three, four or even five sacks were sent to one agent. Some agents were furnished by railroad officials with lists of addresses in North Carolina and Virginia. The division superintendent road masters gave oral instructions to the agents as to the pasting of tablets or writing addresses on the books which were not previously addressed; but the tags of the sacks were addressed "all for ——," (namely, a railroad agent at that point). The books were then remailed and again transported over the routes of this company to be again weighed. A few agents, not understanding their instructions, gave out the books for public distribution before the franked tablets were received.

Fifteen sacks were delivered at Portsmouth, Va., addressed in bulk to the General Superintendent. That night the books were re-addressed in the railroad building by his secretary and a division superintendent and re-mailed in the morning to various persons along the route. A newspaper at Ellenboro, N. C., learning of the transaction, published a short article headed "A Mistake," stating in substance, that a United States Senator in mailing documents to his constituents had by mistake addressed them to station agents along the Seaboard Air Line Railway. A division superintendent, learning of the article, proceeded to the town and induced the editor to cut the item out of every copy of his paper on the ground that it would hurt the road.

"The pasting" of the mails by this company was investigated by the Post-office Department and to prevent this practice the Department ordered the weighing to be continued for thirty days, during April. The railroad company then resorted to a new scheme, by contracting with publishers of newspapers for a large number of papers to be sent on their line—to an address furnished by the company. At Portsmouth Va., the general superintendent arranged with a Portsmouth paper to send 6,800 copies daily for ten days, and after that 2,400 copies daily, in bundles of twenty-five to each address, to parties in South Carolina and Georgia on the Seaboard Air Line Railroad. At Raleigh, N. C., an official of the railroad arranged to have 6,000 copies the first week and 8,000 copies a week afterwards of a weekly paper, sent in bundles of forty-five over the Seaboard Air Line Railroad to stations in Georgia, South Carolina and a few in North Carolina.

At Atlanta, Ga., the private secretary of the division superintendent arranged with an Atlanta paper for 2,000 copies to be sent over the Seaboard Air Line to Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., one thousand copies addressed as to regular subscribers and the other thousand as sample copies.

Arrangements were also made with another Atlanta paper to send 5,600 copies of the Sunday issue, weighing over half a pound each, to addresses in Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va. Norfolk and Portsmouth city directories were furnished to the newspapers from which to print tablets for mailing papers to parties in those cities. Several of those parties thus addressed had moved from those cities, or had died. Had this weighing been accepted by the Department, the Seaboard Air Line Railroad would have received for the next four years a much larger compensation than it was entitled to. Some of the newspaper publishers were indignant when they found that they had been made parties to such a scheme, and the publisher of the paper at Raleigh, N. C., refused to send out the fourth shipment of his paper.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

The Duke of Orleans' Letter Creates a Stir in French Political Circles—A Virulent Form of Cholera in Cairo.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, May 19.—The Royalist press publishes articles expressing approval of the letter written by the Duke of Orleans in which he combats the objections of the Royalist committee to his becoming a candidate for a seat in the Chamber of Deputies and repudiates distrust of universal suffrage.

The *Figaro* expresses doubt that the Duke would be successful should he become a candidate.

The Radical journals ridicule the letter, characterizing it as a bit of gratuitous self-advertising. The Republican newspapers declare that they have no fear for the future of the Republic.

LONDON, May 19.—United States Ambassador Bayard had an important interview at the Foreign Office this afternoon with Lord Salisbury. Mr. Bayard left the Foreign Office apparently greatly delighted.

LONDON, May 19.—The *Standard* will to-morrow publish a dispatch from Cairo saying that a cholera miasma similar to that of 1888, overhangs the city. It is accompanied by a heavy, hot atmosphere. The virulent form of the disease has hardly ever been paralleled at such an early stage. The deaths are about 90 per cent. of the seizures. There were two cases and one death Tuesday among the troops at Tourah. This has caused much anxiety inasmuch as there are twelve hundred convicts in prison at that place.

WARM WIRELETS.

A Washington dispatch says one hundred thousand copies of the various speeches delivered by Secretary Carlisle in favor of "sound money" during the past six months are now being distributed from here to points in Kentucky.

F. A. Cole, for many years employed in the Monroe County Savings Bank, at Rochester, N. Y., as receiving teller, is a defaulter for a small amount and has left the city. Cole was an active member of the first Baptist church, and was a teacher in the Sunday school.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

The Supreme Council of the Order in Session To-Day at Savannah—Reports as to Its Growth, Etc.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 19.—The Supreme Council of the Royal Arcanum will meet here to-morrow. Nearly all the officers and delegates are here to-night. The reports of the Supreme officers were given out to-day for publication in the morning.

Hon. John E. Pound, of Lockport, N. Y., Supreme Regent, gives a resume of the growth of the order during 1895 from 159,807 members on January 1st to 174,060 members on December 31st, the net increase being 14,753. The largest per cent increase in any of the Grand Council jurisdictions was in Tennessee, 28.39 per cent.

New York made the largest net increase in numbers, 4,150, New Jersey 1,714, Pennsylvania 1,469, Massachusetts 761, Missouri 580, Illinois 1,066, Minnesota 447, Michigan 434.

During the year 1895 there was paid into the W. & O. B. funds $4,204,007, and the payments therefrom amounted to $4,197,446. The receipts on account of the general fund were $124,813; payments, $119,795, of which $9,517 was for the purchase of city of Chicago four per cent. gold bonds for investment. Fifteen assessments for the W. & O. B. fund were laid and they have been so laid that there is money on hand to pay each claim as soon as it is proven.

The report of W. O. Obson, of Boston, Supreme Secretary, gives a very full statement of the receipts and disbursements on account of the general and W. & O. B. funds. Among the sources of fevenue of the general fund were $39,690 for benefic certificates; $2,174 for changes of benefit certificates; $1,250 for supplies to deputies; $5,950 for supplies to subordinate councils; $4,039 for special supplies to grand councils; $39 for cash sales of supplies; $6,734 for per capita tax from sub-councils; $46,784 for per capita tax from grand councils; $1,901 for fines on councils for suspension for non-payment of assessments; $170 for dispensations; $580 for interest on investments; $14,374 for interest on deposits, and $555 for rent. The real estate owned by the corporation is valued at $50,171. The net expenses for the order were $98,034.

An interesting statement is the summary of payments for relief of members in 1895 by the subordinate councils of the order. Of the 1,675 councils 960 reported having distributed funds to their members, as follows:

Members assisted, 3,268; quarterly dues paid, $5,483; assessments paid $31,-053; relief paid to sick members, $19,-373; assistance to members not totally disabled, $90,133.

Total disbursements by councils for relief of members in 1895, $75 042. In 1894, 896 council's disbursed $77,508. The amount of protection represented by the 174,060 members on December 31, 1895, was $508,453,500.

In a supplemental report the supreme secretary brings the figures down to April 30, by which it appears that there have been received since January 1st, on account of the general funds, $58,663, and payments amounting to $55,817 have been made. Among the payments was one of $22,600 to the supreme trustees for investment in Government bonds.

In the W. & O. B. fund, the receipts, including the balance on hand, amount to $3,244,003, and the payments of death claims were $1,687,179. Current cash balances April 30, $570,834; held for delayed claims $36,000. Number of subordinate councils April 30, 1 698, grand councils, 31; total membership, as carefully estimated, 183,106.

Since the organization of the order in 1877, there has been received by the W. & O. B. fund, $935,944,551.

The payments amounted to $35,837,-727 on account of 11,537 full rate and 187 half rate death claims.

SOUTH CAROLINA DEMOCRATS

Delegates to the State Convention Assembling in Columbia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 19.—The State Convention of the Democratic party assembles in Columbia at noon to-morrow. The proceedings promise to be quite interesting, inasmuch as Senators Tillman and Irby and Gov. Evans are members of the body. To-day the city is full of delegates and they continue to arrive on every train. They are all about the capitol and here and there groups are discussing the outlook. Tillman will arrive this afternoon and will go to the Executive Mansion. Irby is also to arrive this afternoon. All indications are that Tillman and Evans will control the convention absolutely and that no delegate will be sent to Chicago who is not willing to leave the ball in case anti free silver action is takee by that body. The platform will be prepared this evening and will be in accordance with the repeatedly expressed views of Senator Tillman on the money question. It is pretty well settled that Tillman and Evans will be two of the delegates-at-large, with W. B. Evans as possible third. Irby is to be on hand and will doubtless make a fight, but all the indications point to his defeat. Ex-Comptroller Ellerbe is here, shaking hands with the delegates. He is regarded as the next Governor of South Carolina, although Mr. A. H. Patterson, of Barnwell, it is understood, will oppose him.

The understanding now is that Mr. Patterson is to be chairman of the convention to-morrow. No other name is mentioned in connection with the position.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Strawberries, Maryland and Delaware, quart, 9 to 14c; do North Carolina, quart, 8 to 13c; huckleberries, North Carolina, quart, 18 to 20c; beets, Florida, crate, 50c to 1,00; do Charleston 1,00 bunches, 3.00 to 7.00; cucumbers, Florida, crate, 1 50 to 3 00; cabbages, Florida, crate, 75c to 1.25; do Savannah do 1.25 to 1.75; do Charleston do 1.25 to 1.75; do North Carolina do 1 00 to 1.75; do Norfolk do 1.00 to 1.75; egg-plant, Florida, barrel, 2 00 to 4.00; peas, North Corolina basket; 35c to 1 00; do Norfolk, half barrel, 75c to 1.25; do Virginia, basket, 1.25, string beans, Savannah, basket, 75c to 1.00; do Florida, crate, 50c to 1.00; do Charleston, basket, 75c to 1.25; squash, Florida, crate, 50 to 75c; do do basket 50 to 75c; tomatoes, Florida, carrier, 1.25 to 3.00; potatoes, Florida, 1.25 to 4.50; do Savannah 1.25 to 4.00; do Charleston 1.25 to 4.00.

My neck was covered with boils, and my blood was in very bad condition, my appetite being very poor. After taking three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla my blood has been purified. W. C. True, heart, Gumberry, N. C. Hood's Pills cure all liver ills.

Executors' Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTORS OF the will of Mrs. Anna Christine Deumelandt, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against her estate, to present them to either of us on or before the 3rd day of April, 1897, or this notice will be pleaded against them. F. W. ORTMANN, ANDREW SMITH, Executors.
ap3 6w th

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLE-BODIED, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 30, citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply, preferably by letter, to Recruiting Officer, Fort Monroe, Va.
ap 20 till June 30 tu

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Salesmen Wanted to sell McKinley portraits; life size 22x28 inches in size. Big money for little work in any locality. Send $1.00 for working sample or $6.00 for one dozen. Address J. E. Rue, Littleton, N. C. my 19 3t*

For Sale—A Keating in O. K. order can be purchased at a great bargain. Apply at Star office. ma 17 tf.

Cheap Rent—Thirteen room house with bath and other conveniences, corner Seventh and Chesnut streets. Possession given at once. Apply to Morris Bear & Bros. we fr su tu th my 13 5t

Good opportunity to rent the elegant Store 416 North Front street, including basement, heretofore used as Restaurant by Gieschen Bros. my 1 tf

Just received one car Jamaica Bananas, 10 barrels Russett and 40 crates Westerns, N. C., Apples; 25 sacks Irish Potatoes and Onions, Butter Beans, Peas, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, N. C. Hams, Cakes and Crackers, Candies of all kinds, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges and Peanuts, in lots to suit at A. S. Winstead's, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers, 115 North Second street. ap 3 DAW tf

Photographic novelties, Photos with high gloss, Photos with no gloss, Photos $1.00 per dozen and up. Frames cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. mar 26 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town First class equipages. Polite attention All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call $1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5 00. Carriage for funeral, $2 50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Berry Crates and Baskets

Send in and get them.

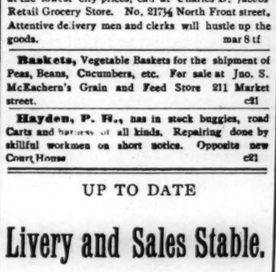
Orders solicited for

N. C. Bacon, Flour, Molasses &c., &c.

Snuff and Tobaccos

of the leading brands.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
my 2 DAW tf



THE VERY BEST BUTTER IS MONARCH of the table. It's right to first place there's none to dispute, and in Wilmington none can dispute that our FOX RIVER BUTTER is the best. Agent for Glenoe Dairy Butter. Extra price and extra quality.
S. W. SANDERS.
my 17 tf

"A Positive Preventive and Cure."

That's what others say. Why not you? Have you tried it? If not, do so at once.

"Corneus' Bed Bug Interceptic"

is a Household Remedy for these pests. Most druggists sell it.

JAMES D. NUTT,
ap 8 tf Manufacturer.

JOHNSON & FORE.

Sale of Summer Goods.

We are showing an elegant stock of Wash Fabrics, all new of this season's production, and just the thing for the approaching warm weather, such as

Dimities, Organdies, Batiste, Spiral Cloths, Ducks, Ginghams, Plisse and Fancy Swiss Muslins.

Would call special attention to the beautiful selection of

White Goods, Laces and Embroideries

we have on hand, and still we are adding something new every few days White, Fancy and Black PARASOLS to suit everybody.

Ladies' UMBRELLAS from $1.00 to $6.50.

Mail orders promptly filled.

Johnson & Fore,
my 13 tf **No. 111 Market St.**

Buy The Best, It Pays.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS,

Remington Bicycles,

Both made by the Remington Arms Co.

Remington products have a world-wide reputation of being the FINEST that experience and money can produce.

We are sole dealers for above. Also Agents for the Celebrated

Victor Wheels.

C. W. YATES & CO.
my 10 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. C. COKER, Jr., Assistant Cashier
W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

We want your business, and will make it to your interest to deal with us Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

	May 7th, '94.	May 7th, '95.	May 7th, '96
Surplus and Net Profits	$30,500	$40,300	$57,900
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,676	NONE.	NONE.
Banking House, &c.	15,600	13,500	10,000
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.

Last Installment of Capital paid in October, 1892. my 15 tf

Just Received

A HANDSOME LOT OF

Ladies' Black Jersey LEGGINGS

— FOR —

SUMMER WEAR.

Special Sale at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
my 10 tf

THE ONLY CARGO

NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

West Indies,

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm. Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.
ap 3 tf

ARE YOU IN NEED

—OF—

Summer Foot Wear?

If so come and see us, we have them to please you in quality, styles and sizes, at prices as low as the lowest

ASK TO SEE OUR SPECIALTIES IN

Ladies' and Gents' Bicycle Shoes and Summer Leggings.

They are up to date.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.

H. C. Evan's Old Stand,
my 9 tf 115 Princess street.

For Rent,

COTTAGES

on CAROLINA BEACH. Apply to

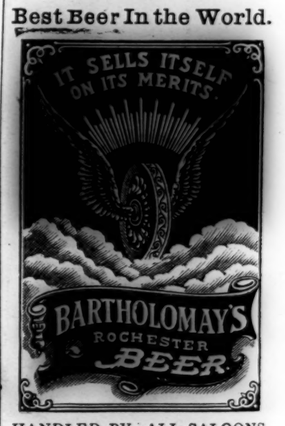
D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent,
my 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Best Beer In the World.



HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS.

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught.
my 13